









MARKET OPPORTUNITIES IN VIETNAM, **CAMBODIA AND LAOS**

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COUNTRY PROFILE

	Vietnam	Cambodia	Laos
Population million	93.4	15.7	7.0
Land Area sq km	331,051	181,035	236,800
GDP US\$ bn	191.4	18.5	12.7
GDP Growth %	6.7	6.9	7.6
GDP per capita US\$	2,049	1,178	1,840





MARKET OPPORTUNITIES - VIETNAM CONSTRUCTION SECTOR

NO	PRODUCTS/SERVIC ES	OPPORTUNITIES	CHALLENGES
1.	INFRASTRUCTURE	 Rapid growth and strong government commitment on infrastructure development Transport infrastructure accounts for over 50% of the projects in the pre-tender stage Energy demand is expected to grow 5.1% annually in 2015-20, and rising electricity prices should stimulate investment in the energy sector The alternative-energy sector including wind, geothermal, solar and biofuels are expected to grow Greater opportunities under public-private partnerships (PPP) 	 The lack of project management and technical expertise from local contractors Site clearance and compensation issues Difficult geological conditions; uneven terrain and mountainous area Reliance on foreign capital, public spending cuts and tighter credit conditions are likely to keep economic activity depressed.





MARKET OPPORTUNITIES - VIETNAM CONSTRUCTION SECTOR

NO	PRODUCTS/SERVICE S	OPPORTUNITIES	CHALLENGES
2.	WATER SUPPLY AND WASTE WATER TREATMENT	 The lack of clean water is one of Vietnam's most pressing environmental concerns, only 70% of the population has access to potable water The total industry size of water treatment projects in Vietnam is estimated at USD 180 million with annual growth of 2%. Government strongly encourages private participation in the development of water supply facilities and has created favorable policies to entice investments. 	Pricing mechanism need to be re-negotiated





MARKET OPPORTUNITIES - VIETNAM CONSTRUCTION SECTOR

NO	PRODUCTS/SERVICES	OPPORTUNITIES	CHALLENGES
3.	PROPERTY DEVELOPMENT	 Amended Law on Residential Housing (LRH) allowed foreigners to own property for a 50-year leasehold tenure, with possibility of renewal, sub-leased, inherited and collateralized With the strong recovery in the residential market, positive regulatory changes, robust economic growth and favourable funding, the construction sector expanded by 4.9% y-o-y in 2015. 	Availability of strategically located land for development





MARKET OPPORTUNITIES - VIETNAM SUPPORTING INDUSTRY SECTOR

NO	PRODUCTS/SERVICES	OPPORTUNITIES	CHALLENGES
4.	SUPPORTING INDUSTRY	 Machinery, parts and equipment is the 5th largest export item from Malaysia to Vietnam with value of USD230 million. Both Government and private sectors are focusing to develop the supporting industries to cover the value chains, particularly to support foreign investments in Vietnam 6 key sectors prioritised: Mechanical Engineering; Electronics & Informatics; Automotive; Textiles and garments; Leather-footwear; and High-tech industry 	





MARKET OPPORTUNITIES - VIETNAM SUPPORTING INDUSTRY SECTOR

NO	PRODUCTS/SERVICES	OPPORTUNITIES	CHALLENGES
4.	SUPPORTING INDUSTRY	 Intel \$1 bil investment – 18 VN companies to support Samsung \$4.5 bil investment – 5 VN companies out of 60 strong supply chain Automotive – Vietnam has 210 businesses making auto parts to support 18 automobiles manufacturers, representing only 25% of total parts used 	





MARKET OPPORTUNITIES - VIETNAM ICT PRODUCTS & SERVICES

NO	PRODUCTS/SERVICES	OPPORTUNITIES	CHALLENGES
5.	Hardware	 Opportunity as local firms modernise and become integrated into global supply chains 	 IT spend per capita is much lower than in neighbouring countries Highly price-sensitive market High level of software piracy, with
6.	Software & IT Services	 New decision in July 2014 to allow state agencies to use outsourced IT services providers E-government adoption deepening, with opportunities in government administration and sector-specific such as healthcare. Local SMEs have much interest on basic solutions, including customer relationship management and security. 	 a stall in the reduction 2011 to 2013. Cybersecurity measures by the government have been pushed through with state security measures





MARKET OPPORTUNITIES - VIETNAM HEALTHCARE PRODUCTS & SERVICES

NO	PRODUCTS/SERVICES	OPPORTUNITIES	CHALLENGES
7.	HEALTHCARE	 Improving public healthcare is part of Vietnam's Public Administration Reform Plan for 2011 – 2020 with more hospitals to develop, especially in new areas Opportunities to supply medical instrument and appliances, surgical glove, hospital beds and furniture and medical disposables The growing middle-income group are more concerned about quality of healthcare Higher mobility of patients 	





MARKET OPPORTUNITIES – VIETNAM BEAUTY AND PERSONAL CARE PRODUCTS

NO PRODUCTS/S	SERVICES	OPPORTUNITIES	CHALLENGES
8. BEAUTY & PEPRODUCTS	ERSONAL CARE	 The market is still under-developed, so opportunities are present in all segments. Strong growth of 21% pa over the last three years for cosmetics and skin care products More than half of Vietnam's 90 million people are aged 35 and below, and this demographic tends to favor more sophisticated products and brand names. ASEAN Cosmetics Directive has ease up the process for exporters to penetrate Vietnam's market 	Market fragmentation (weather, culture and income difference)





MARKET OPPORTUNITIES - CAMBODIA







NO	PRODUCTS/SERVICES	OPPORTUNITIES	CHALLENGES
1.	INFRASTRUCTURE	 The infrastructure, especially road are heavily deficit. The Government approved a strong development plan with 16 ongoing projects and 12 committed projects to improve the quality of road infrastructure. Major projects committed by JICA are Southern Corridor, National Road No.5 and Phnom Penh Ring Road Expansion 16 express ways projects are open for international investors 	 Underdeveloped financial and regulatory systems create problems for project financing Corruption and lack of transparency lead to delays in many projects.





NO	PRODUCTS/SERVICES	OPPORTUNITIES	CHALLENGES
1.	INFRASTRUCTURE	 Government's focus to tap the potential of hydro-power generation from Mekong River Rail sector is also a key focus area of development, with plans to develop 5 new rail lines: Batdeng-Loc Ninh, Preah Vihear-Sihanoukville, Sisophon-Siem Reap, Siem Reap-Skun, and the Snuol-Laos border lines 	





NO	PRODUCTS/SERVICES	OPPORTUNITIES	CHALLENGES
2.	WATER SUPPLY & WASTE WATER TREATMENT	 12.4 million people not currently connected to state water utilities, public utilities, or private schemes USD176 million is the value of private water market in 2012 23% is the average profit margins for private water operators. Urges from the Government to install waste water treatment plants, which is scarcely available in Cambodia 	 Rural and remote area Finance and pricing mechanism still need to be negotiated with respective authorities.





NO	PRODUCTS/SERVICES	OPPORTUNITIES	CHALLENGES
3.	CONSTRUCTION SERVICES	 Cambodia is undergoing rapid urbanization with construction sector growing at an average of 11% per annum. 2015 registered more than 2,100 construction projects worth more than USD2.9 bil High return on investment for successful projects Robust tourist arrivals into Cambodia is driving demand for new hotels and better hospitality projects Rise in middle income population create demand for better residential and commercial facilities 	Project funders and investors are mostly from China, Japan and Korea





MARKET OPPORTUNITIES - CAMBODIA AGROBUSINESS AND PROCESSING

NO	PRODUCTS/SERVICES	OPPORTUNITIES	CHALLENGES
4.	AGRICULTURE SUPPORTING PRODUCTS	 Demand in machinery, equipment and technology, such as water pumps, well-drilling machines, tractors, tilling equipment, rice milling, drying and packaging equipment, fertilizers, insecticides, and seed. The presence of an increasing number of plantations also creates growing opportunities for the establishment of processing plants to add value to basic products for export and domestic consumption 	 Relatively high operating costs, especially for electricity, limit opportunity for the establishment of processing plants.





MARKET OPPORTUNITIES - LAOS







MARKET OPPORTUNITIES – LAO PDR MANUFACTURING SUPPORT MATERIALS

NO PRODUC	CTS/SERVICES	OPPORTUNITIES	CHALLENGES
	ACTURING/INDUST PPORT MATERIALS	 The country is flocked with foreign investments including from Malaysia. FDI invested sector include industrial processing/manufacturing, power generation, tourism, agriculture and SEZs Opportunities to supply equipment and supporting materials for Malaysian investors 	 Tendency of investors sourcing from home country High logistics cost due to geographical distance and inconvenient route





MARKET OPPORTUNITIES – LAO PDR CONSUMER GOODS

NO	PRODUCTS/SERVICES	OPPORTUNITIES	CHALLENGES
2.	FMCG – FOOD & BEVERAGES	 Growing demand for packaged and processed food. Average growth of 15% Bakery, dairy, noodles and pasta were the largest categories together accounting for more than half of packaged food sales Confectionery was one of the most dynamic categories with 18% growth 	 Market is dominant by Vietnam and Thai products Geographical distance and inconvenient route would be the main challenges for new exporters





MARKET OPPORTUNITIES – LAO PDR CONSUMER GOODS

NO	PRODUCTS/SERVICES	OPPORTUNITIES	CHALLENGES
3.	FMCG – NON FOOD	 Increasing purchasing power and a growing middle class, consumption of more sophisticated and non-essential products Beauty and personal care sales reached almost US\$90 million in 2013, with hair care and colour cosmetics accounting more than 50% of total sales Deodorants and fragrances were the most dynamic categories, registering more than 20% CAGRs in value terms over 2009-2013 Beauty and personal care is expected to double in value by 2018. 	 Market is dominant by Vietnam and Thai products Geographical distance and inconvenient route would be the main challenges for new exporters





Trade Policy - Vietnam

Trading activities regulations

- Foreigners are allowed to set up trading companies in Vietnam to do direct import – export activities. However, there are <u>restriction and limitation</u> on setting up a 2nd branch and trading certain sensitive products such as rice, pharmaceuticals, foods & foodstuffs, operations of foreign-owned restaurants, petroleum, magazines, newspapers, video tapes, etc.
- Trading rights: Import rights for a number of products are reserved for importation through state trading enterprises such as for petroleum, crude oil and mining goods
- Import License are required for goods such as plastic products, ceramic products, glass, iron, steel, aluminum, reactors, boiler, machinery, electronic appliances, vehicles, sport weaponry and furniture.





Trade Policy

- Most goods can be freely imported, except items covered under the List of Restricted Goods
- Import of agriculture products, livestock, drug and food are subjected to registration and obtaining a permit from the relevant authority
- The packaging and labeling of consumer goods requires information of the products to be written in local language
- All imported goods are subject to 10% flat rate Value Added Tax (VAT) and related tax and duties depending on goods, which is the Customs Duty and Special Tax





The strong points:

- The liberalisation of merchandise trade under the ASEAN Economic Community would give Malaysian companies a greater leverage compared with countries outside of ASEAN, in terms of duties structure and harmonisation of standards
- Geographic distance is the strongest advantage, along with quality products and comparative lower prices are the main competitive edges of Malaysian products.
- Consumers/importers are now looking for new sources for import, which was previously dependent on China. Malaysia is among the most favourable alternatives.







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