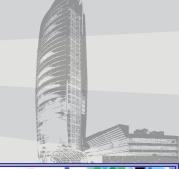
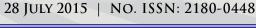


MITIWEEKLY







MITI in the NEWS ACCCIM Urged to Tap ASEAN's Growing Wealth

The Associated Chinese Chambers of Commerce and Industry of Malaysia (ACCCIM) has been urged to tap ASEAN's growing wealth and opportunities and make the country the regional gateway.

Minister of International Trade and Industry (MITI) Dato' Sri Mustapa Mohamed said the ASEAN Economic Community (AEC) is now seeking to create a single market and production base in the region. "As a single entity, ASEAN currently is the 7th largest economy in the world and home to a consumer market of more than 600 million people, with a combined gross domestic product estimated at US\$2.5 trillion.

"By 2020, ASEAN aims to become the 5th largest economy in the world. As such, Malaysian businesses should be proactive and explore collaborations with foreign companies with high value added technology to establish operations in Malaysia," he said in his speech at the ACCCIM's 69th Annual General Meeting here today. The text of his speech was read by his Deputy, Dato' Lee Chee Leong.

Mustapa said the government would continue to provide a conducive business ecosystem for Malaysia's economic growth and development. "Our pragmatic policies and talented work force provide an unparalleled advantage that few, if any, in the region can match. Indeed, our business friendly policies are recognised by many independent international organisations.

"The World Bank, in its Doing Business 2015 Report ranked Malaysia as the 18th easiest place to do business from 20th last year.

"The World Economic Forum ranked Malaysia as the 20th most competitive out of 144 economies in its recently-released 'Global Competitiveness Index 2014-2015 Rankings' from 24th previously," he added.

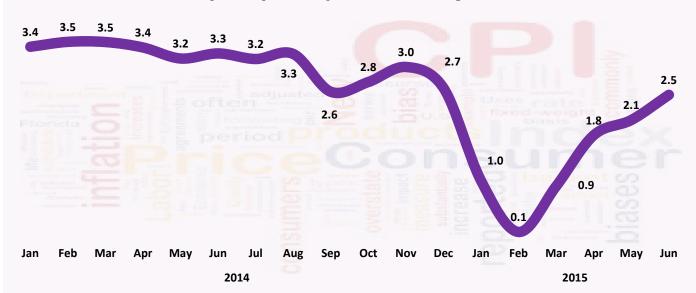
Mustapa said MITI through the Malaysian External Trade Development Corporation and the Malaysian Investment Development Authority will continue to support and encourage the participation in international expos.

Among them, he added, was the 19th China International Fair for Investment and Trade (CIFIT) and the 118th China Import and Export Fair (Canton Fair) this September and October respectively.

MALAYSIA

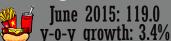
Inflation Rate (%), January 2014 - June 2015

year-on-year change of the consumer price index



Consumer Price Index (CPI) by Major Categories, June 2015

Food & Non-Alcoholic Beverages



Alcoholic Beverages & Tobacco

June 2015: 135.6 y-o-y growth: 11.3%

Clothing & Footwear



Housing, Water, Electricity & Other Fuels

June 2015: 111.4 y-o-y growth: 2.5%

Furnishings, Household, Equipment & Routine Household Maintainance



June 2015: 110.0 y-o-y growth: 3.2%

Health

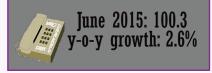


June 2015: 115.4 y-o-y growth: 5.0%

Transport



Communication



Recreation, Services & Culture



June 2015: 106.8 y-o-y growth: 1.7%

Education





Restaurants & Hotels

June 2015: 122.2 y-o-y growth: 4.5%

Miscellaneous Goods & Services



June 2015: 110.2 y-o-y growth: 4.6%

Automotive Industry Production, May 2014 & May 2015 Total Trade Production (Units) 50.514 60,000 46,889 50,000 12.1% y-o-y growth 40,000 30,000 20,000 4,135 4,278 10,000 **Commercial Vehicles** RM1.9b n Passenger Commercial 55.0% y-o-y growth **Vehicles Vehicles** ■ May 2015 ■ May 2014 *AND MATERIAL PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF TH* Source: Malaysian Automotive Association (MAA) **Passenger Vehicles S**, May 2014 & May 2015 RM3.3b 1.8% y-o-y growth Sales (Units) 49,865 *>>>>>>>>>>* 45,874 50,000 **Motor Vehicle Parts** 40,000 RM6.0b 30,000 9.8% y-o-y growth 20,000 6,076 5.380 10,000 Passenger Commercial Motorcycle Vehicles Vehicles RMO.3b May 2015 ■ May 2014 -9.8% v-o-v growth Source: Malaysian Automotive Association (MAA) Top Three Trading Partners Jan - May 2015 Commercial Motor Passenger Motorcycle Vehicles Vehicles Vehicles **Thailand** ROK **Viet Nam** USA RM807.6 mil. RM760.9 mil. RM2,125.0 mil. RM84.5 mil. Japan UK Viet Nam Yemen RM320.9 mil. RM752.8 mil. RM940.1 mil. RM74.1 mil. UK **Thailand Thailand** Thailand RM319.0 mil. RM702.4 mil. RM740.3 mil **RM45.4 mil.**

Top 10 Sales of Passenger and Commercial Vehicles by Brand, May 2015













17,290 units

8,285 units

7,544 units

6,221 units

3,300 units

1,155 units









Other **Brands**

4,053 units

Total Sales 51,254 units

1,152 units

889 units

726 units

639 units

Source: Malaysian Automotive Association (MAA)

Export of Rubber Glove, 2000 - 2014







World's Richest and Poorest Countries

Top 10

ASEAN

No	Country	2013 GDP (PPP) \$USD	Estimates start after	No	Country	2013 GDP (PPP) \$USD	Estimates start after
1	Qatar	105,091,42	2011	55	Malaysia	17,775.70	2012
2	Luxembourg	79,593.91	2011				
3	Singapore	61,567.28	2011	85	Thailand	10,848.74	2011
4	Norway	56,663.47	2012	122	Indonesia	5,302.03	2010
5	Brunei Darussalam	55,111.20	2011	127	Philippines	4,691.15	2011
6	Hong Kong	53,432.23	2011	132	Vietnam	3,750.00	2010
7	United States	51,248.21	2011	137	Lao PDR	3,260.59	2011
8	United Arab	49,883.58	2009				
9	Emirates Switzerland	46,474.95	2011	142	Cambodia	2,579.06	2008
9	Switzeriand	40,474.95	2011				
10	Australia	44,073.81	2011	162	Myanmar	1,490.53	2006

Global Finance Magazine online publication on July 15, released the ranking consisting of 184 of the world's richest and poorest countries according to IMF source. Malaysia maintain at number 55 in 2012 and the latest data published for 2013. IMF uses GDP Purchasing Power Parity (GDP PPP) as indicators (the same which OECD, the World Bank and Eurostat are using) which is more useful when comparing generalized differences in living standards on the whole between nations. Figures and estimates are from the International Monetary Fund World Economic Outlook Database, April 2013.

Source: https://www.gfmag.com/global-data/economic-data/worlds-richest-and-poorest-countries

MITI's ASEAN Portal can be accessed via http://aec2015.miti.gov.my/



Singapore Trade Performance, June 2015



Export to Malaysia: SGD.4b (↑4.8%) m-o-m growth Imports: SGD36.1b (10.4%) m-o-m growth

Import from Malaysia:
SGD4.2b [16.6%]m-o-m growth

Singapore Top 10 Trading Partners

Jan - June 2015

	SGD billion
China	60.0
Malaysia	48.4
USA	38.0
Indonesia	30.4
Hong Kong	29.4

	SGD billion			
Taiwan	26.4			
Japan	22.9			
ROK	22.6			
Thailand	15.0			
Viet Nam	11.9			

Source: International Enterprise Singapore

Indonesia Trade Performance, June 2015



Exports: U\$\$78.3b [\$\dagger 11.9%]



Exports by Sector:

Oil & Gas: US\$10.0b (-36.3%)

- Crude Oil: US\$3.4b (-26.4%)
- Oil Products: US\$1.1b (-42.3%)
- Gas: U\$\$5.5b (-40.1%)

Non Oil & Gas: US\$68.3b (-6.6%)

- Agricultural: U\$\$2.7b (1.4%)
- Manufacturing: US\$55.3b (-6.4%)
- Mining & Others: U\$\$10.3b (-9.8%)

Imports: U\$\$73.9h [↓ 17.8%]



Imports by Sector:

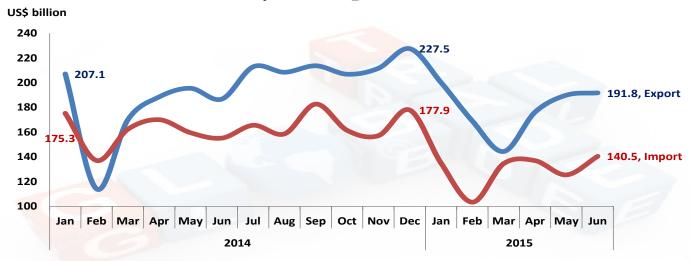
Oil & Gas: US\$13.1b (-39.9%)

- Crude Oil: US\$4.2b (-39.0%)
- Oil Products: US\$7.8b (-41.1%)
- Gas: US\$1.0b (-33.4%)

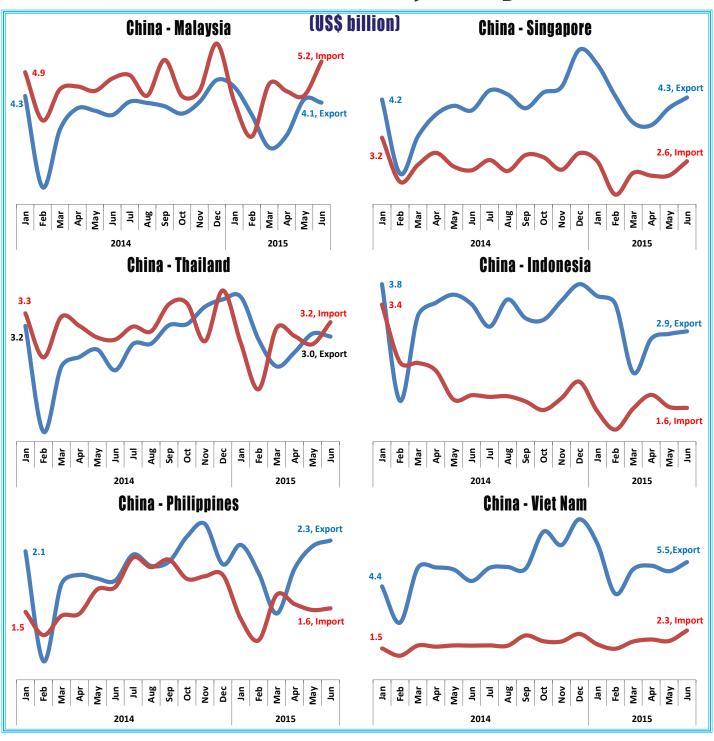
Non Oil & Gas: US\$60.8b (-10.7%)

Source: Statistics Indonesia

China Trade, January 2014-June 2015



China Trade with Selected Countries, January 2014-June 2015



Source: World Trade Atlas







Economic Indicators, 2014



Exports US\$64.8b Imports US\$70.2b Trade Balance US\$-5.4b





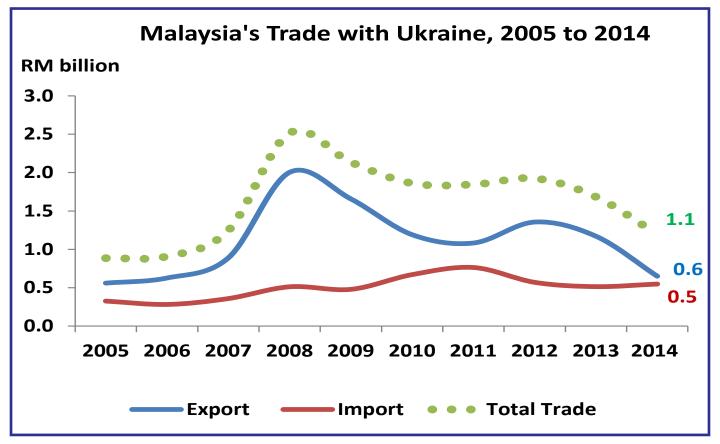


22.17 million (2013 est.)



8.0% (2013 est.)

Source: World Bank, Economy Watch and WTO





Newsweek's Green List 2015

Rank	Company	Newsweek Green Score	Sector
1	Biogen Inc, USA	89.20%	Healthcare
2	SHIRE PLC, Ireland	85.10%	Healthcare
3	Allergan, Inc., USA	84.20%	Healthcare
4	Reckitt Benckiser Group PLC, UK	84.10%	Consumer Staples
5	Adobe Systems Inc, USA	82.60%	Information Technology
6	Swisscom AG, Switzerland	81.60%	Telecommunication Services
7	Unilever PLC, UK	81.30%	Consume Staples
8	Broadcom Corporation, USA	81.30%	Information Technology
9	Roche Holding AG, Switzerland	80.40%	Healthcare
10	BT Group PLC, UK	80.40%	Telecommunication Services
256	Malayan Banking Bhd (Maybank), Malaysia	44.50%	Financial

The Newsweek Global 500 Green Rankings 2015 is part of the Newsweek Green Rankings which consist of two separate categories. This rankings look at the 500 largest publicly-traded companies globally by market capitalization as determined by Bloomberg as of March 4 2015. Newsweek has ranked the world's largest companies on corporate sustainability and environmental impact. The ranking structure consisted of 10 sectors, 24 industry groups, 68 industries and 154 sub-industries. **Maybank** is the only Malaysian company to be in the list.

Source: http://www.newsweek.com/green-2015/top-green-companies-world-2015

The Most Efficient* Governments

Rank	Country
1	Qatar
2	Singapore
3	Finland
4	Hong Kong SAR
5	United Arab Emirates
6	New Zealand
7	Rwanda
8	Malaysia
9	Switzerland
10	Luxembourg



The World Economic Forum's Annual Global Competitiveness Report 2014 had released ranking that evaluates the efficiency of 144 world's governments.

Note: *Efficiency measured including the wastefulness of government spending, burden of regulation and transparency of policy making.

Source: Global Competitiveness Report 2014





Employees spend more time "in the trenches," working with the minute details of your company, so if they come up with a radical innovation, listen! It could end up saving huge amounts of time and money.



Past results should never be used to predict future success. Keep your traditions if you want, but combine them with visions that will prepare you for an ever-changing future.



Business is a world of politics and jealousy. Only the best leaders will try to hire people who are better than them, so it makes sense that your employees will come up with some innovations that you haven't thought of.



MONEY

Innovation is expensive. R&D budgets can eat up a lot of cash flow and present a level of risk that other line items don't have. But if there's enough evidence that a risk is worth taking, then go ahead!



GENERATIONAL DIFFERENCES
With the younger crowd grumbling that older leaders would never listen to their new ideas; generational barriers are hard to overcome, but older people can be just as innovative as a young buck out of college. There is no excuse for any age to not listen to a creative idea.



COMMUNICATIONToo often, the innovative ideas come from the "crazy person" in the office who always has a new idea; but present it poorly. Encourage employees to present ideas in a concise and understandable way.



SIZE

It's natural to think your company can't change course because of its size. However in reality, if you don't encourage your employees to innovate, smaller companies in your industry will win in the long run.



EDUCATIONA leader should actively educate the employee through conference, speaker, or activities to get the "creative juices" flowing to spark employee motivation.



LEADERSHIPBe an innovative leader! If you aren't doing this, then your employees won't be as inspired to mimic your sense of innovation or create their own.



URCES

"We don't have the capacity or bandwidth for something like that" is a common excuse people trot out when they're presented with an innovative idea. You can find the capacity by bringing on new employees or redirecting resources if the right idea comes along.



Number and Value of Preferential Certificates of Origin (PCOs) Number of Certificates (Provisional data)

31 May 2015 7 Jun 2015 14 Jun 2015 21 Jun 2015 28 Jun 2015 5 Jul 2015 12 Jul 2015 19 Jul 2015								
	31 Way 2015	7 Juli 2015	14 Juli 2015	<u> </u>	20 Juli 2015	<u>5 Jul 2015</u>	12 Jul 2015	19 Jul 2015
AANZFTA	774	841	799	836	924	928	841	582
AIFTA	599	605	527	597	662	702	618	413
AJCEP	187	170	196	179	169	321	157	148
ATIGA	4,126	4,390	4,548	4,532	4,202	4,583	3,637	3,066
ACFTA	1,461	1,653	1,319	1,535	1,351	1,488	1,177	1,076
AKFTA	1,173	816	670	851	822	855	672	677
MICECA	289	362	279	328	302	318	381	190
MNZFTA	6	8	2	14	6	13	7	2
MCFTA	43	71	75	55	48	89	56	35
MAFTA	352	494	438	291	435	387	432	288
MJEPA	802	844	687	839	867	778	938	637
MPCEPA	207	138	137	177	167	198	95	110
GSP	131	188	97	105	116	195	154	93

The preference giving countries under the GSP scheme are Switzerland, the Russian Federation, Norway and Cambodia.



AANZFTA: ASEAN-Australia-New Zealand Free Trade Agreement (Implemented since 1 January 2010)

ATIGA: ASEAN Trade in Goods Agreement

(Implemented since 1 May 2010)

AJCEP: ASEAN-Japan Comprehensive Economic Partnership

(Implemented since 1 February 2009) ACFTA: ASEAN-China Free Trade Agreement

(Implemented since 1 July 2003)

AKFTA: ASEAN-Korea Free Trade Agreement (Implemented since 1 July 2006)

AIFTA: ASEAN-India Free Trade Agreement (Implemented since 1 January 2010)

MPCEPA: Malaysia-Pakistan Closer Economic Partnership Agreement (Implemented since 1 January 2008)

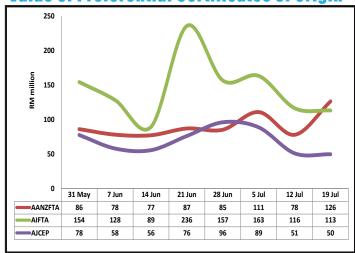
MJEPA: Malaysia-Japan Economic Partnership Agreement (Implemented since 13 July 2006)

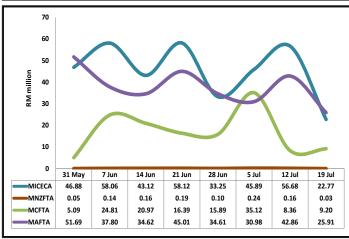
> MICECA: Malaysia-India Comprehensive Economic Cooperation Agreement (Implemented since 1 July 2011)

MNZFTA: Malaysia-New Zealand Free Trade Agreement (Implemented since 1 August 2010)

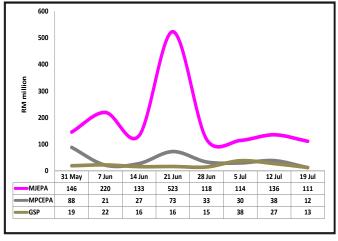
MCFTA: Malaysia-Chile Free Trade Agreement (Implemented since 25 February 2012) MAFTA: Malaysia-Australia Free Trade Agreement

(Implemented since 1 January 2013)



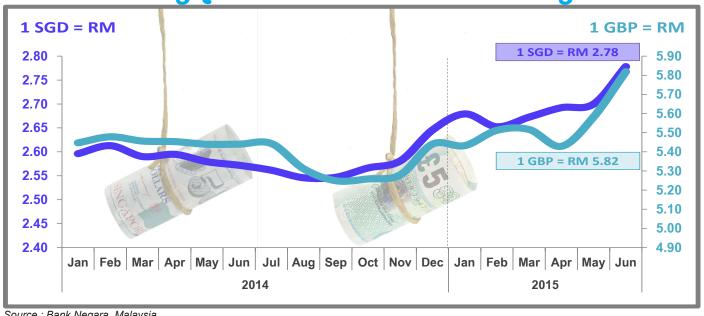


3.000 2,500 2.000 1,500 1.000 500 31 May 7 Jun 14 Jun 21 Jun 28 lun 5 Iul 12 Iul 19 Iul ATIGA 1,453 918 942 880 1,298 832 802 525 ACFTA 542 632 762 726 827 842 613 410 AKFTA 91 126 305 125 149



Source: Ministry of International Trade and Industry, Malaysia

Malaysian Ringgit Exchange Rate with Singapore Dollar and Pound Sterling



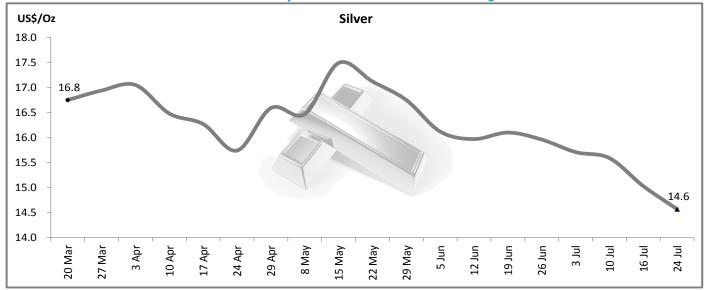
Source : Bank Negara, Malaysia

Gold Prices, 20 March - 24 July 2015



Source: http://www.gold.org/investments/statistics/gold_price_chart/

Silver Prices, 20 March - 24 July 2015



Source: http://www.hardassetsalliance.com/charts/silver-price/usd/oz

Commodity Prices

			SUGAR	SMR 20			
	Crude	Crude	Raw	Rubber	Cocoa	Coal	Scrap Iron
Commodity	Petroleum	Palm Oil	Sugar	SMR 20	SMC 2		HMS
	(per bbl)	(per MT)	(per MT)				
24 July 2015 (US\$)	48.1	630.5	248.3	1,407.5	2,183.8	47.5	260 (high) 230 (low)
% change*	↓ 5.5	1.4	↓ 6.9	↓ 2.7	↓ 0.6	1 5.1	3.7 8.0
2014 ⁱ	54.6 - 107.6	823.3	352.3	1,718.3	2,615.8	59.8	370.0
2013 ⁱ	88.1 - 108.6	805.5	361.6	2,390.8	1,933.1		485.6

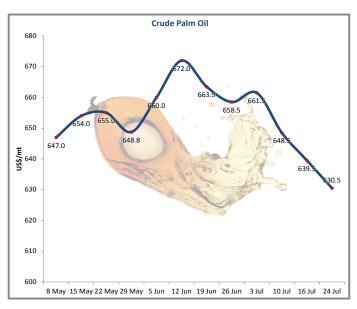
Notes: All figures have been rounded to the nearest decimal point

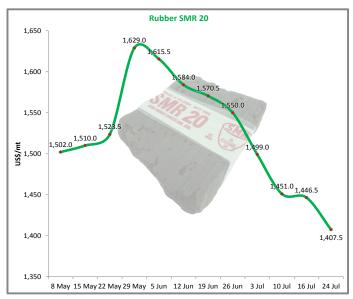
- * Refer to % change from the previous week's price
- i Average price in the year except otherwise indicated
- n.a Not availble

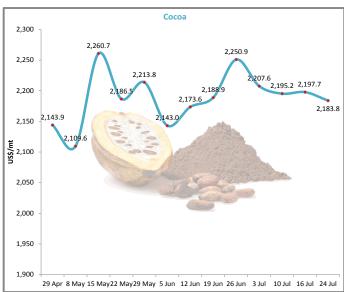


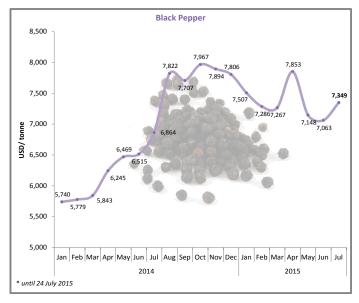
Sources: Ministry of International Trade and Industry Malaysia, Malaysian Palm Oil Board, Malaysian Rubber Board, Malaysian Cocoa Board, Malaysian Iron and Steel Industry Federation, Bloomberg and Czarnikow Group.

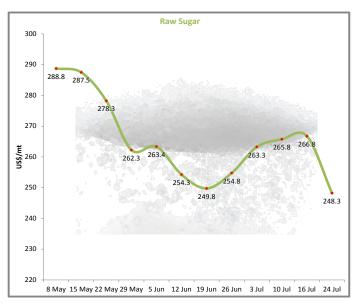
Commodity Price Trends

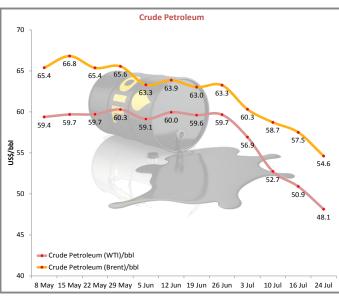






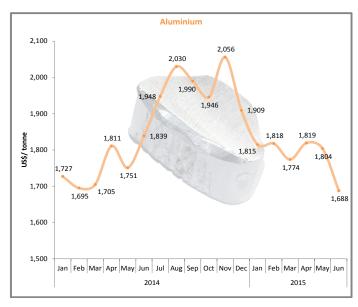


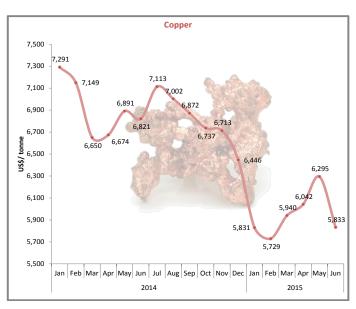


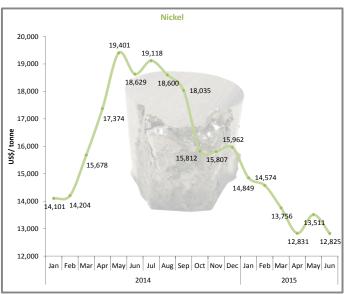


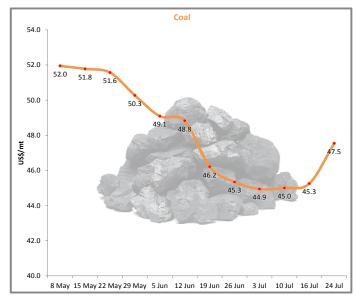
Sources: Ministry of International Trade and Industry Malaysia, Malaysian Palm Oil Board, Malaysian Rubber Board, Malaysian Cocoa Board, Malaysian Pepper Board, Malaysian Iron and Steel Industry Federation, Bloomberg and Czarnikow Group, World Bank.

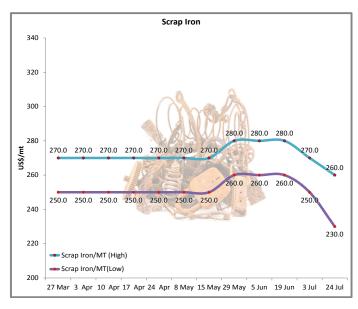
Commodity Price Trends

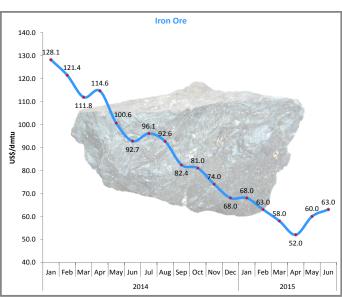












Sources: Ministry of International Trade and Industry Malaysia, Malaysian Palm Oil Board, Malaysian Rubber Board, Malaysian Cocoa Board, Malaysian Pepper Board, Malaysian Iron and Steel Industry Federation, Bloomberg and Czarnikow Group, World Bank.

SUCCESS TORY



BssTech BSSTECH CP (M) Sdn Bhd

BSSTech CP (M) Sdn Bhd produced sacrificial aluminum alloy and zinc alloy anodes for various application in marine and offshore sectors. The companies has capabilities in supplying all types of Cathodic protection materials and can offer consultancy service in the field of corrosion prevention systems for rigs, onshore/offshore, jetties, platform, decks, cross country pipelines, subseapipelines, underground interplant piping for fertilizer, petrochemical and refinery complexes, and storage tanks for all types (Including pressure vessels, separators, heat exchangers etc).

BSSTech CP (M) Sdn Bhd also produced sacrificial and impressed current Cathodic Protection systems using different type of anode systems such as aluminum alloy, zinc alloy, magnesium alloy, prepackage zinc and magnesium anodes, long line conductive polymer anodes, MMO piggyback anodes, high silicon cast iron anodes and MMO anodes in deep well or shallow ground installation.



Contact US:

BSSTECH CP (M) SDN BHD

No. 11, Lot 149, Jalan Melati, Bandar Bukit Beruntung 48300,

Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia. **Tel:** +603 6028 1052

Fax: +603 6028 1053

Website: www.bsstechnologies.com



Core Business:

Quality Assurance Facility:

A 33 element spectrometer, wet analysis laboratory, a physical laboratory containing and an area for accelerated electrochemical testing.

Products

- Sacrificial anodes Zinc, magnesium, aluminium
- An extensive of variety of rig, jacket and platform anodes ranging from 20kg – 600kg (Al) / 1000kg (Zinc)
- Bracelet anodes for subsea pipelines (Al or Zn)
- Retrofit Bracelet / Anodes
- Impressed current Anodes
- Diode Controlled Cathodic Protection (DCP)
- Resistor Controlled Cathodic Protection (RCP) anodes
- Transformer Rectifiers and Referrence Electrodes

Accreditation and Certification

ISO 9001:2008

MITI Programme

Persidangan Tahunan Dewan Perniagaan Cina Malaysia (ACCCIM), 25 Julai 2015 di Melaka











Name : Nasif Kaur Ajmer Singh

Designation: Senior Assistant

Administrative Officer

Job

Description: Processing the applications

for permits to companies for alphabet S-Z under STA for export permits, transit and

transshipment

Division : Strategic Trade Secretariat

Contact No : 603-6200 0535 Email : nasif@miti.gov.my



Name : Maizatulakmar Mohd Zin

Designation: Senior Assistant

Administrative Officer

Job

Description: Processing the applications

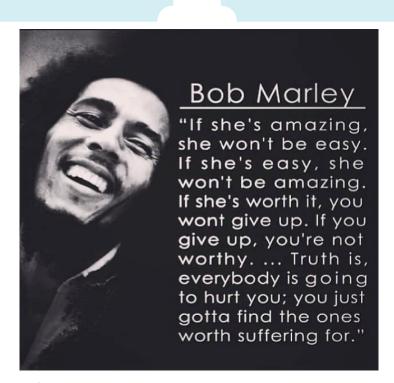
for permits to companies for alphabet S-Z under STA for export permits, transit and

transshipment

Division : Strategic Trade Secretariat

Contact No : 603-6200 0528

Email : maizatulakmar@miti.gov.my



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http://www.miti.gov.my/index.php/forms/form/13