



MINISTRY OF INTERNATIONAL
TRADE AND INDUSTRY

MITI WEEKLY BULLETIN

VOLUME 350

11 AUGUST 2015 | NO. ISSN: 2180-0448



AEC To Spur Investments From ASEAN Into Malaysia



Foreign Direct Investments (FDI) in Malaysia from its ASEAN peers is expected to gain momentum with the ASEAN Economic Community (AEC) becoming a reality from Dec 31 this year. Minister of International Trade and Industry (MITI) Dato' Sri Mustapa Mohamed said the sustained removal of barriers among the 10-member grouping, had led to an expansion in intra-ASEAN trade and investments, from US\$1.22 billion in 2000 to US\$24.4 billion in 2014.

"This accounts for 17.9 per cent of the total US\$136.2 billion FDI inflows into the region last year," he told reporters at the AEC Open Day here Monday. Mustapa said similarly, intra-ASEAN trade accounted for 24 per cent of the total ASEAN trade or US\$608 billion.

Meanwhile, ASEAN's per capita income now stands at US\$4,130 with intra-ASEAN trade expected to grow to 30 per cent by 2020. He also said being the ASEAN Chairman this year, Malaysia wants to prepare local small and medium enterprises (SMEs), as they are the backbone of the national economy.

"The government will continue to provide financial support to SMEs. We have also identified the transportation and finance sectors as needing extra focus and will be working on it," he added. He said the AEC blueprint had now achieved 91 per cent of the stipulated target and aims to hit 95 per cent by this November.

"We are working very hard. We have 506 measures altogether, which are being monitored closely. Of course, our objectives are very modest, as we operate by consensus and do not have supra authority."

"DRIVING Transformation, POWERING Growth"

Source : BERNAMA, 10 August 2015



MALAYSIA

Trade Performance, June 2015



Total Trade : RM120.5 bil., ↑ 1.9%



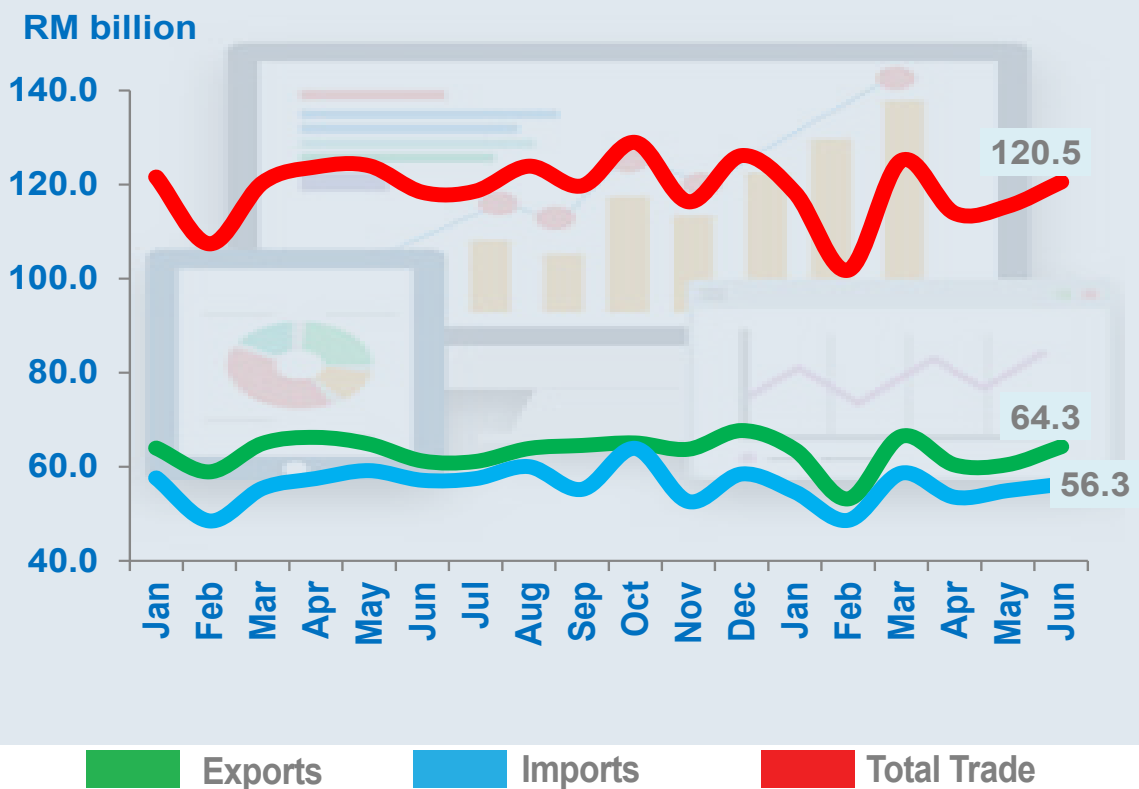
RM64.3 bil.
↑ 5.0%



RM56.3 bil.
↓ 1.5%

Note: % refers to y-o-y growth

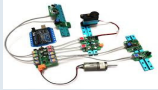
Trade Performance, 2014 - June 2015



Major Export Contributors, Jan - Jun 2015

Electrical and Electronic
Products

RM129.5 bil.
4.9%



Chemicals & Chemical
Products

RM26.3 bil.
4.0%



Petroleum
Products

RM25.9 bil.
-28.9%



Note: % refers to y-o-y growth

Major Import Contributors, Jan - Jun 2015

Electrical and Electronic
Products

RM94.5 bil.
6.4%



Chemicals & Chemical
Products

RM31.7 bil.
2.5%



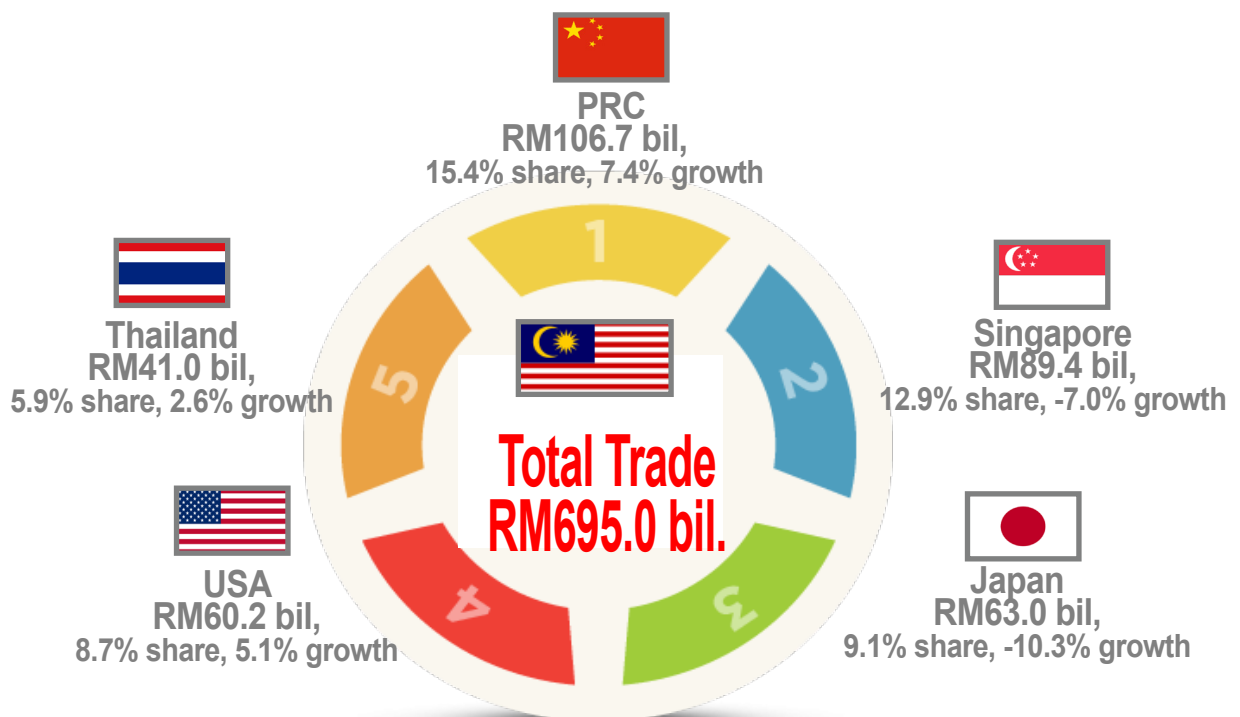
Machinery, appliances
& parts

RM28.4 bil.
-0.4%



Note: % refers to y-o-y growth

Top Five Trading Partners, Jan - Jun 2015



Note: % refers to y-o-y growth

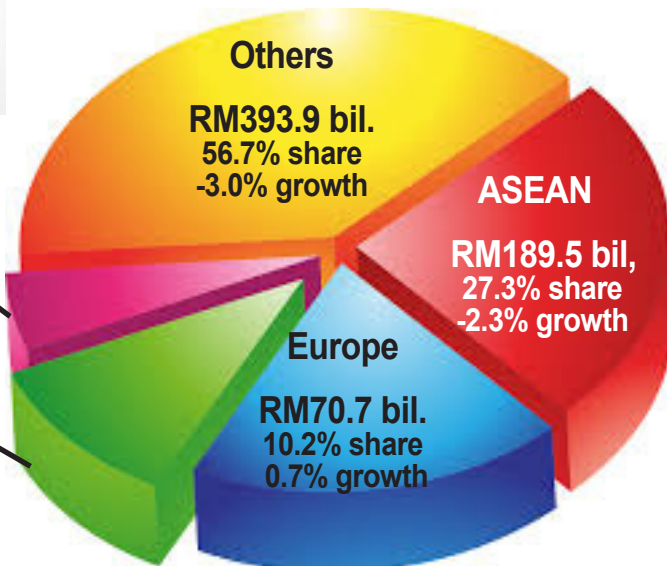
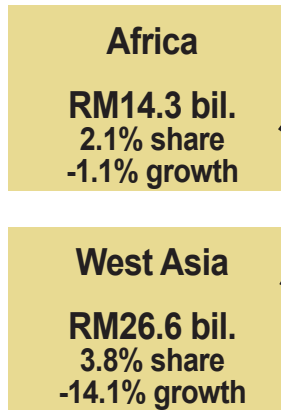


Source : Department of Statistics, Malaysia
MITI Weekly Bulletin / www.miti.gov.my

Trade by Region, Jan - Jun 2015



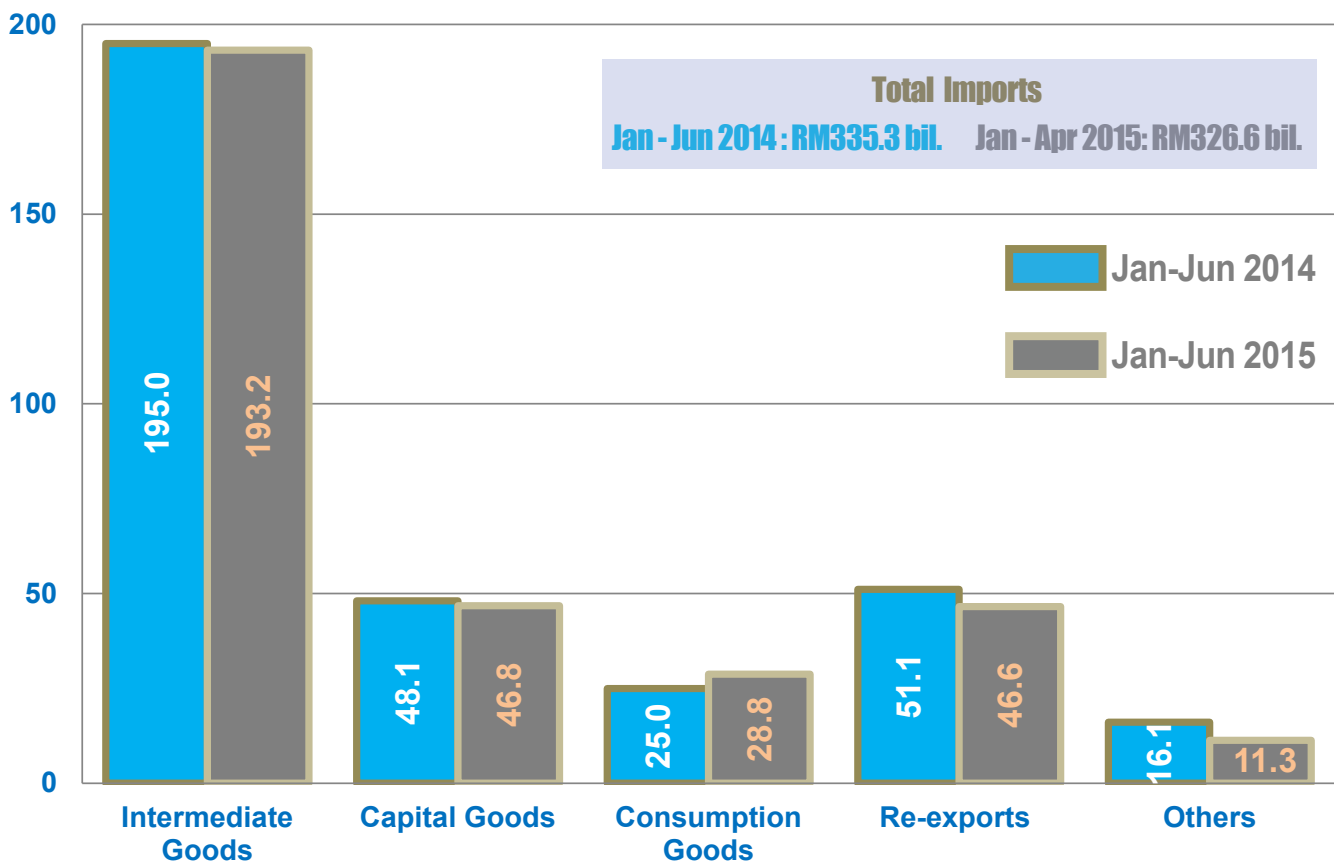
Total Trade: RM695.0 bil.



Note: % refers to y-o-y growth

Import by Broad Economic Categories (BEC) 2014 (Jan-Jun) & 2015 (Jan-Jun)

RM billion



Note: Others include Dual Goods, Goods nes and Transaction below RM5,000



Source : Department of Statistics, Malaysia
MITI Weekly Bulletin / www.miti.gov.my

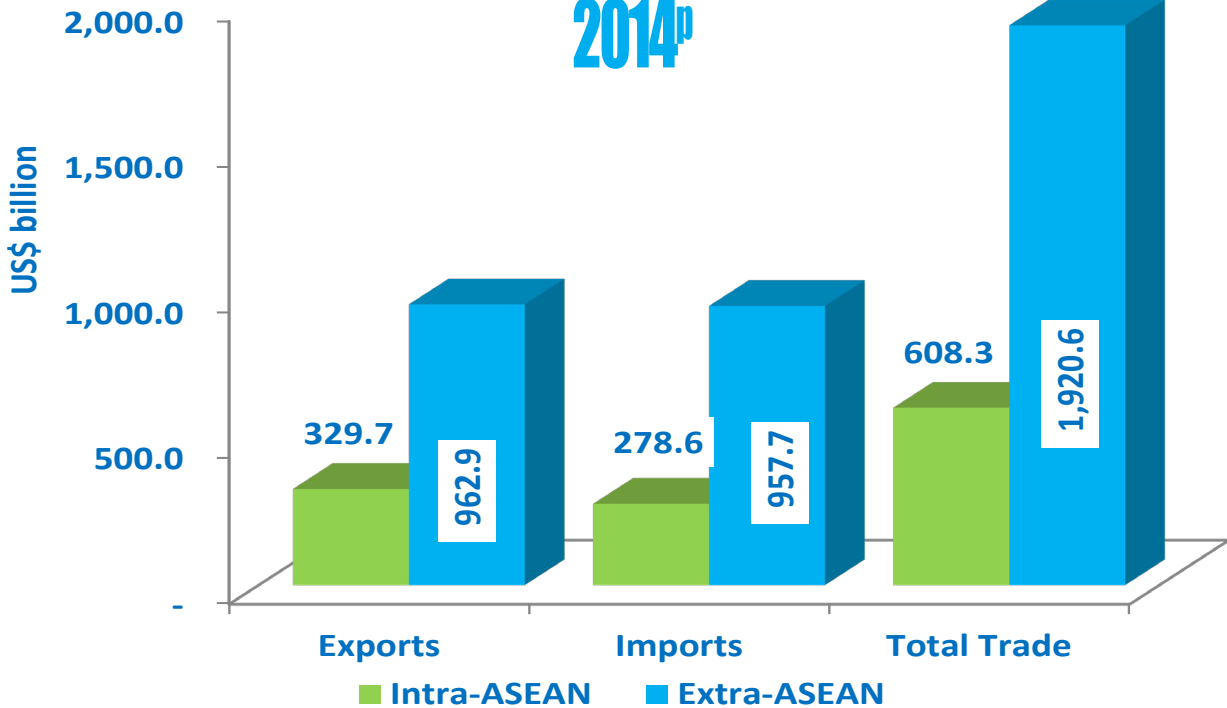


ASEAN



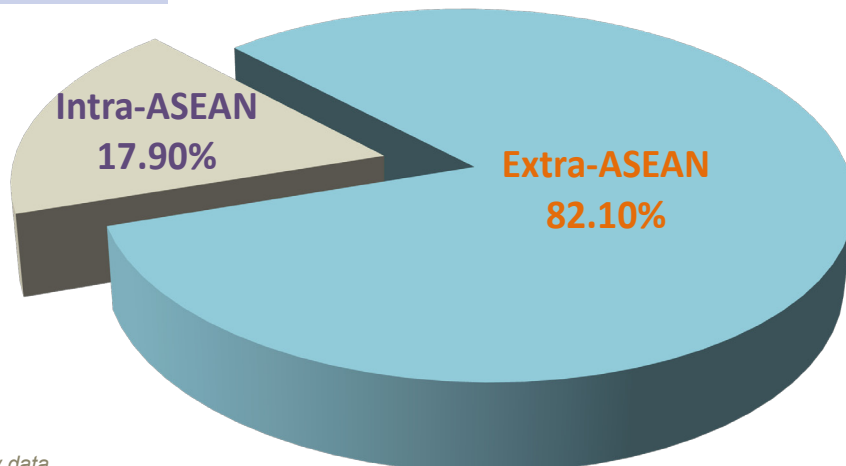
and You'

Intra and Extra - ASEAN Trade 2014^p



Foreign Direct Investment Net Inflows, Intra and Extra - ASEAN, 2014^p

Total Net Inflow
US\$136.2 billion



Note: P- preliminary data

Source: <http://www.asean.org/news>





Our People, Our Community, Our Vision
MALAYSIA 2015

KOMUNITI EKONOMI ASEAN: MEMAHAMI KEWUJUDAN PELUANG DAN FAEDAH KEPADA PERUSAHAAN KECIL DAN SEDERHANA

Deklarasi Bangkok 8 Ogos 1967



- Ditandatangani oleh Menteri-Menteri Luar Negara Asia Tenggara



Deklarasi Bangkok 1967



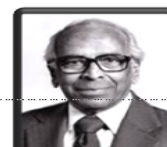
- ▶ Menteri-Menteri Luar Negara Asia Tenggara yang terlibat:



Adam Malik
(Indonesia)



Tun Abdul Razak
(Malaysia)



S. Rajaratnam
(Singapura)



Narciso R. Ramos
(Filipina)



Thanat Khoman
(Thailand)

Keahlian Asean Selain Negara Pengasas



6 Brunei Darussalam - 1984



7 Viet Nam - 1995



8 Lao PDR (Laos) - 1997



9 Myanmar - 1997



10 Kemboja - 1999

“DRIVING Transformation, POWERING Growth”



SKOP KOMUNITI EKONOMI ASEAN 2015

- Freer flow of goods
- Freer flow of services
- Freer flow of investment
- Freer flow of capital
- Freer flow of skilled labour



- Competition Policy
- Consumer Protection
- IPR, Taxation
- e-Commerce
- Infrastructure

- SME Development / Pembangunan PKS
- Initiative for ASEAN Integration

- FTAs
- Global Supply Networks

Driving Transformation, Powering Growth

8

Hasrat Komuniti Ekonomi ASEAN

- Integrasi ekonomi ASEAN: **berperingkat dan berterusan**
- Konteks liberalisasi ASEAN:
 - Penghapusan **duti import** bagi **barang dagangan**;
 - Penghapusan **halangan pemilikan ekuiti** bagi **sektor perkhidmatan dan pelaburan**;
 - Penghapusan **halangan lain** seperti **menghadkan bilangan pembekal perkhidmatan dll**;
 - **Mempermudahkan perdagangan dan pelaburan dengan menghapuskan prosedur dan peraturan yang rumit**;
 - **Memudahkan pergerakan tenaga mahir dan profesional**.

TUJUAN UTAMA:
MENGHAPUSKAN SEBANYAK MUNGKIN HALANGAN PERDAGANGAN DAN AKTIVITI EKONOMI SERANTAU

Driving Transformation, Powering Growth

9

ASEAN SEBAGAI SEBUAH RANTAU....



Population	625 million
- Youth	60%
GDP	USD2,398 billion
GDP Growth	4.4%
GDP per capita	USD3,837
Total Trade	USD2.53 trillion
- Intra-ASEAN	USD608 billion
- Ratio to GDP	104.7%
Total FDI	USD136 billion
- Intra-ASEAN	USD23 billion
Tourist Arrivals	102 million
- Intra-ASEAN	45 %

Driving Transformation, Powering Growth

10

Pelaburan

Evolusi perjanjian berkaitan pelaburan:

1987
Agreement for Promotion and Protection of Investments (IGA)

1998
ASEAN Investment Area Agreement (AIA)

2009
ASEAN Comprehensive Investment Agreement (ACIA)

Elemen Perlindungan: Menghalang pelaburan DIAMBIL ALIH SECARA PAKSA oleh Kerajaan

Elemen Liberalisasi

Merangkumi sektor:

- Pembuatan
- Pertanian
- Perikanan
- Perhutanan
- Perlombongan dan Kuari
- Perkhidmatan berkaitan 5 sektor tersebut

Reservation List: Pengecualian diberikan bagi sektor-sektor kritikal bagi pembangunan negara. Unik bagi setiap negara ASEAN. Cth: Sektor Minyak dan Gas bagi Malaysia

FDI dari ASEAN ke Malaysia: USD6.2 billion (2013).
FDI dari Malaysia ke ASEAN: USD5.8 billion (2013).

Driving Transformation, Powering Growth

15

"DRIVING Transformation, POWERING Growth"

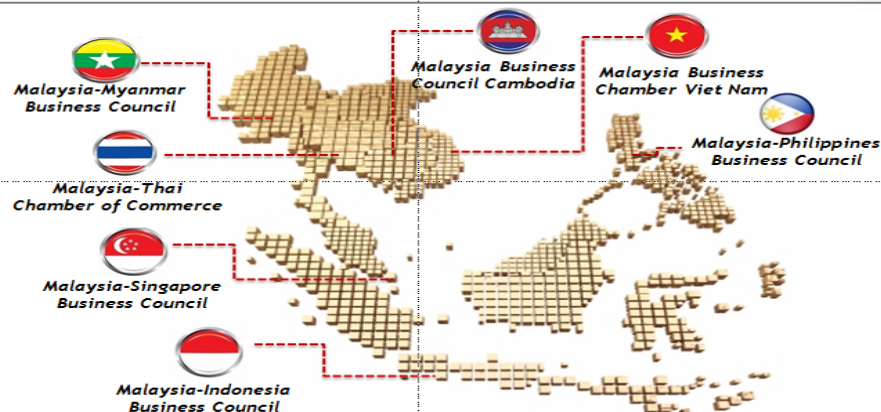
Ringkasan Perjanjian Perdagangan Bebas ASEAN

FTA/CEP	Trade in Goods		Final Year of Liberalisation
	Signed	EIF*	
ASEAN-China	2004	2005	2018
ASEAN-Korea	2006	2007	2016
[Thailand]	2009	2009	
ASEAN-Japan	2008	2008	2018
ASEAN-India	2009	2010	2016
ASEAN-Australia-New Zealand	2009	2010	2015

Driving Transformation, Powering Growth

19

Jaringan Hubungan Malaysia (> 1,000 Syarikat Malaysia di ASEAN)



**MALAYSIA
CHAIR OF
ASEAN
2015**



KEUTAMAAN MALAYSIA SEBAGAI PENERUSI ASEAN 2015

- Memuktamadkan of tindakan-tindakan di bawah Komuniti Ekonomi ASEAN 2015
- Rancangan integrasi ekonomi ASEAN bagi 2015-2016
- ASEAN SME Master Plan 2016-2025
- Inisiatif fasilitasi perdagangan dan ASEAN Business Travel Card
- Pakej liberalisasi perkhidmatan ASEAN
- Implementasi ASEAN Single Window (berskala kecil)

Kesimpulan

- Integrasi ekonomi ASEAN melalui pengwujudan Komuniti Ekonomi ASEAN, secara berperingkat telah mewujudkan persekitaran perniagaan yang kondusif bagi syarikat-syarikat ASEAN termasuk PKS untuk meningkatkan jualan, membuka operasi baru di luar pasaran tempatan mereka dan mendapat akses kepada sumber-sumber serantau.
- Pembangunan PKS merupakan satu agenda utama dalam integrasi ekonomi ASEAN. PKS perlu berkembang dalam rantau ASEAN untuk kekal kompetitif
- Integrasi ekonomi ASEAN adalah proses yang berterusan.

"SME is the backbone of ASEAN Economies"





STATE BY STATE

ASEAN and Arizona Trade

Indonesia

Arizona exported US\$51.6 million of products to Indonesia in 2014, up 6.7 percent. In return trade, Arizona imported US\$96 million from Indonesia in 2014, up 37.3 percent from 2013 – close to double that of goods sold by Arizona. The smaller trade volume Arizona has with Indonesia when compared with Malaysia, a much smaller country, indicates that there is an untapped market for Arizona companies to reach out to in Indonesia.

The Philippines

Arizona exported US\$50.5 million in goods to the Philippines in 2014, dropping 29.4 percent from 2013. Again, this drop appears to have arisen from a similar situation as affected the Malaysian market. When assessing export numbers, computer and electronic product exports from Arizona to the Philippines reached a high of US\$210 million in 2006, the biggest year for Arizona exports to the Philippines in the past decade, but these declined to US\$28.2 million in 2014.

The Philippines exported US\$81 million in goods to Arizona in 2014, ranking as the 25th largest country for imports

Malaysia

Arizona exported US\$351 million to Malaysia in 2014, making Malaysia the 12th largest market for Arizona exports. However, exports in 2014 were down 12.4 percent from 2013. This drop appears to be caused in part by retrenchment in Arizona's semiconductor and electronics exports. Malaysia was the #2 export market for Arizona, and many Arizona companies would send computer chips to Malaysia for assembly. As the semiconductor industry globalized, Arizona's trade with Malaysia dropped, indicating that a rethink in the state's semiconductor industry is required.

Arizona imported US\$898 million in goods from Malaysia in 2014, ranking fifth overall. The new TPP agreement will affect US trade with Malaysia. Significant tariff reductions can be expected for Arizona exports of plastic sheets and films, which have faced a Malaysian import duty of 20 percent to date. Opportunities exist within this market sector for Arizona companies.

In Malaysian exports to the United States, tariffs of 32 percent for men's and women's man-made fiber shirts faced a 32 percent rate in 2013. This will be reduced, making competition in this field from Malaysian exporters more intense.

Singapore

Arizona exported US\$488 million in goods to Singapore in 2014, up 12.9 percent from 2013 and making it the 8th largest export market overall. However, total exports to Singapore were down from US\$727.1 million in 2005. Singapore's high figures as a total for Arizona exports compared with other ASEAN nations are due to its position as a transshipment destination for products destined not only for the Singaporean domestic market, but also for other Asian destinations, including India and China.

These products included:

- 1) Computer and electronic products
- 2) Machinery, except electrical
- 3) Transportation Equipment
- 4) Primary metal manufacturing
- 5) Special classification provisions

Singapore exported US\$218 million to Arizona in 2014, making Singapore the largest market in ASEAN with which Arizona has a trade surplus. However, there are concerns about the overall trend of Arizona exports falling right across the ASEAN region.

Thailand

Arizona exported US\$511.6 million to Thailand in 2014, ranking it the 7th largest export market overall and up 10.2 percent from 2013. Interestingly, in 2014 computer and electronic products made up 85.5 percent of exports to Thailand. However as has been noted earlier, this trend of exporting such equipment to Asia is now coming to an end and the computing and electronics industry in Arizona needs to reinvest to get around this problem.

Thailand exported US\$194 million to Arizona in 2014, meaning Arizona has a trade surplus with Thailand.



International Report

Cargo Traffic 2013

Rank	City (Airport)	Total Cargo		%
		2013	2012	
		Loaded and unloaded freight and mail in metric tonnes		
1	HONG KONG, HK	4,166,303	4,066,738	2.4
2	MEMPHIS TN, US	4,137,801	4,015,997	3.0
3	SHANGHAI, CN	2,928,527	2,938,157	(0.3)
4	INCHEON, KR	2,464,384	2,456,724	0.3
5	DUBAI, AE	2,435,567	2,279,624	6.8
6	ANCHORAGE AK, US	2,421,145	2,463,696	(1.7)
7	LOUISVILLE KY, US	2,216,079	2,168,365	2.2
8	FRANKFURT, DE	2,094,453	2,066,300	1.4
9	PARIS, FR	2,069,200	2,150,950	(3.8)
10	TOKYO, JP	2,019,844	2,006,173	0.7
28	KUALA LUMPUR, MY	713,254	702,226	1.6
29	ABU DHABI, AE	712,488	574,012	24.1
30	OSAKA, JP	682,338	723,147	(5.6)

“DRIVING Transformation, POWERING Growth”



Source: <http://www.aci.aero/Data-Centre/Annual-Traffic-Data/Cargo/2013-final>

MITI Weekly Bulletin / www.miti.gov.my

Suez Canal Expansion



Egypt has opened a major expansion of the Suez Canal, which deepens the main waterway and provides ships with a 35km (22 mile) channel parallel to it. The expansion will allow for two-way traffic along part of the route, as well as for larger vessels overall.

It is recorded that Egypt was the first country to dig a canal across its land with a view to activate world trade. The Suez Canal is considered to be the shortest link between the east and the west due to its unique geographic location; it is an

important international navigation canal linking between the Mediterranean Sea at Port Said and the Red Sea at Suez.

It's arguably the most strategic waterway in the world. One that affects most lives on the planet. The Suez Canal may cut Africa off from Asia but it's a vital lifeline connecting the East and West. The navigation time will be reduced from 22 hours to 11 hours meaning the latest must-have electronics from Asia will arrive sooner.

US\$ 8.5 bn

Canal Expansion Project Budget

US\$ 5.3 bn

Current Annual Revenue

US\$ 13.2 bn

Projected revenues by 2023

10%

Global maritime trade
pass through

97 Ships

A day by 2023 (Up from 49)

11- hours

Southbound transit
(down from 18)

72 Km

New channel and Bypass



“DRIVING Transformation, POWERING Growth”



Sources: <http://www.bbc.com/news/world-middle-east-33800076>, <http://worldmaritimeneeds.com/archives/167537/cargo-ships-test-new-suez-canal/>
MITI Weekly Bulletin / www.miti.gov.my

Did You Know



The World's Richest Tech Billionaires



Bill Gates
\$79.2 billion



Larry Ellison
\$50.0 billion



Jeff Bezos
\$47.8 billion



Mark Zuckerberg
\$41.2 billion



Larry Page
\$33.4 billion



Sergey Brin
\$32.8 billion



Jack Ma
\$23.2 billion



Steve Ballmer
\$22.7 billion



Laurene Powell Jobs
\$21.4 billion



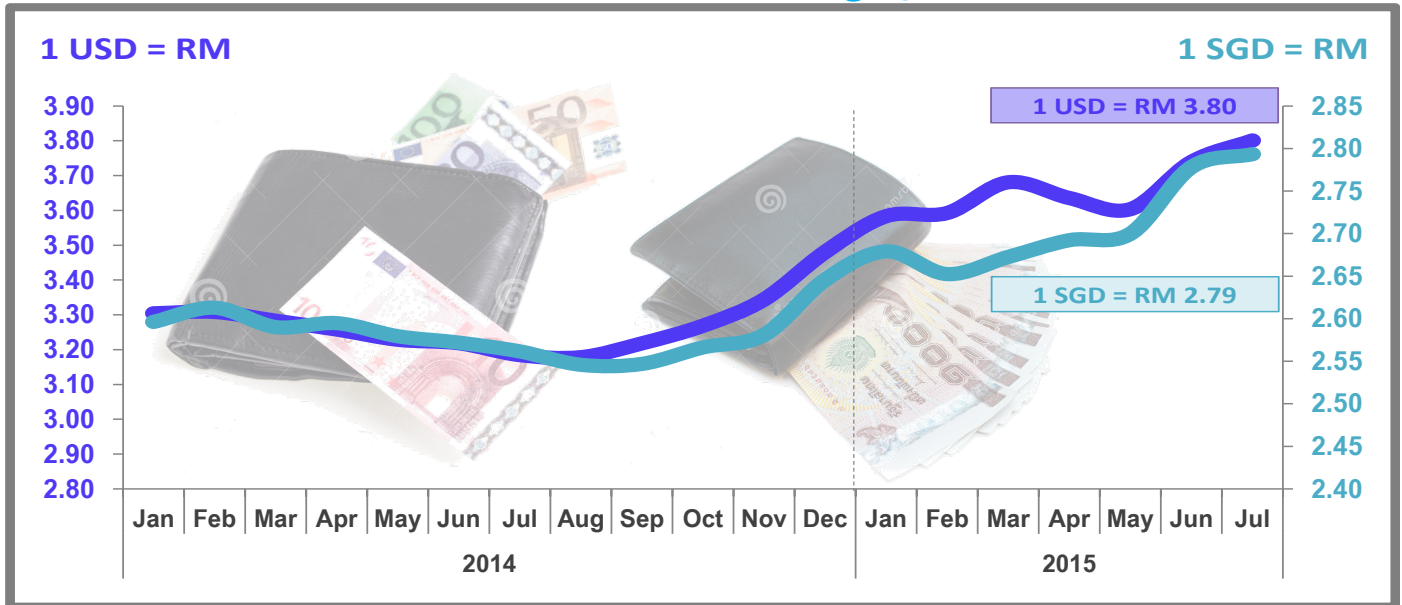
Michael Dell
\$19.4 billion

“DRIVING Transformation, POWERING Growth.”

Source: <http://www.forbes.com/richest-in-tech/>

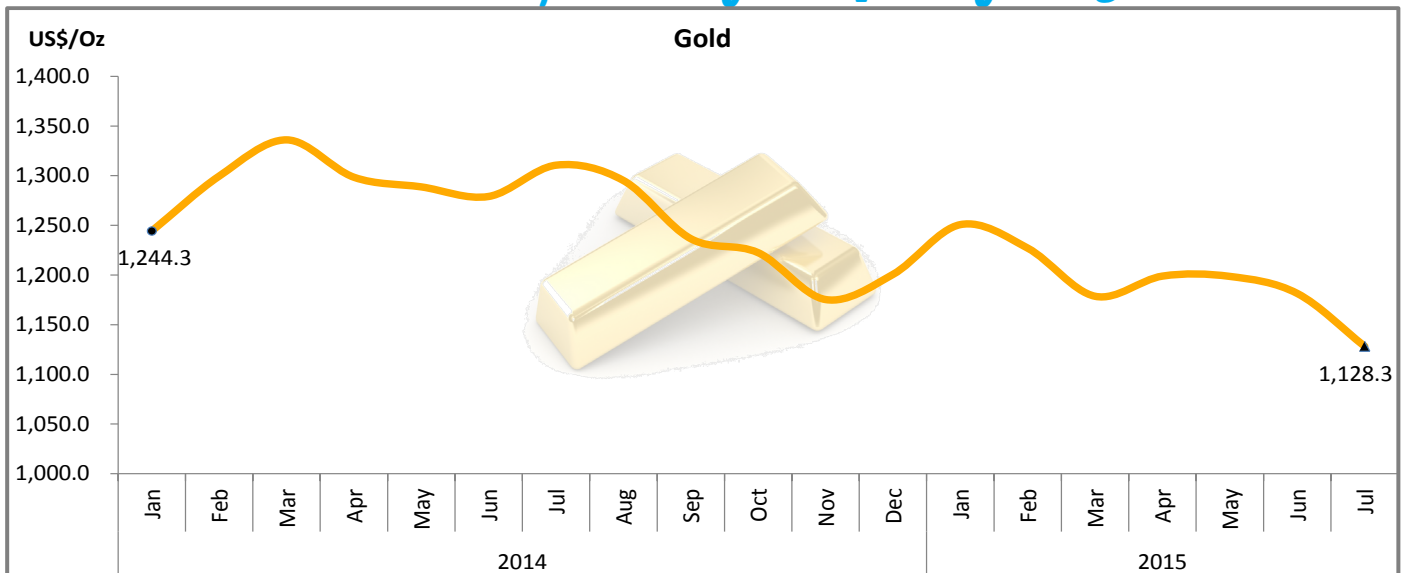


Malaysian Ringgit Exchange Rate with US Dollar and Singapore Dollar



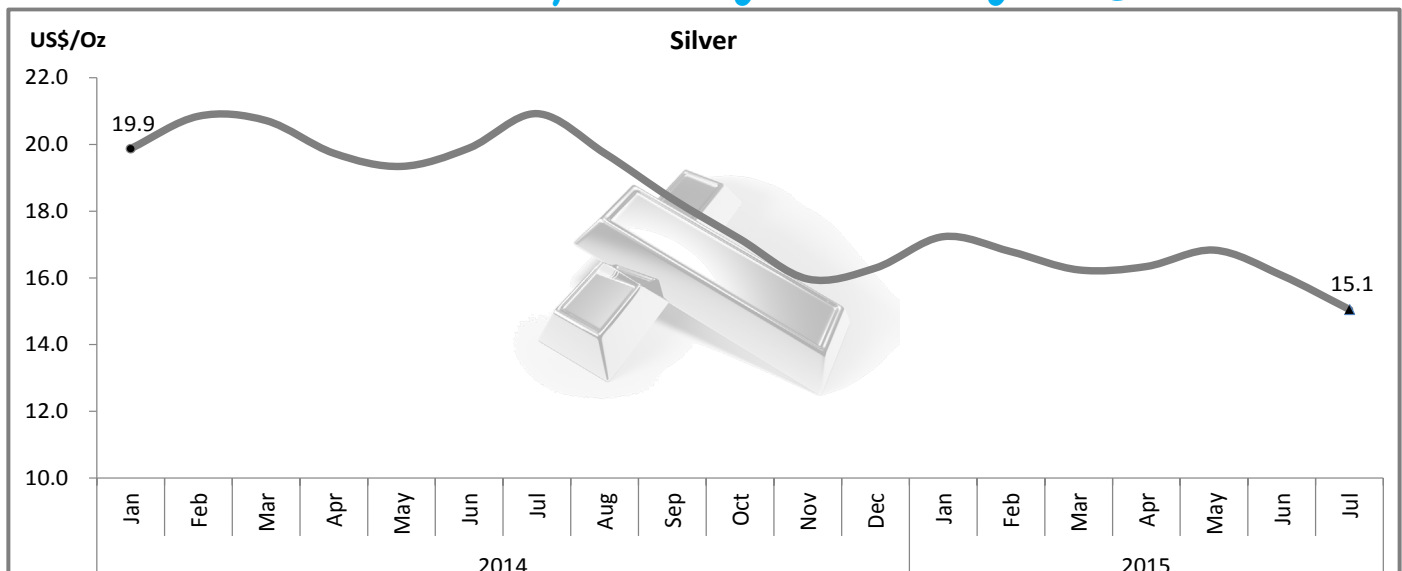
Source : Bank Negara, Malaysia

Gold Prices, January 2014 - July 2015



Source : http://www.gold.org/investments/statistics/gold_price_chart/

Silver Prices, January 2014 - July 2015



Source : <http://www.hardassetsalliance.com/charts/silver-price/usd/oz>

Number and Value of Preferential Certificates of Origin (PCOs)

Number of Certificates (Provisional data)

	14 Jun 2015	21 Jun 2015	28 Jun 2015	5 Jul 2015	12 Jul 2015	19 Jul 2015	26 Jul 2015	2 Aug 2015
AANZFTA	799	836	924	928	841	582	601	978
AIFTA	527	597	662	702	618	413	624	765
AJCEP	196	179	169	321	157	148	221	153
ATIGA	4,548	4,532	4,202	4,583	3,633	3,066	3,212	4,152
ACFTA	1,319	1,535	1,351	1,488	1,177	1,076	1,022	1,646
AKFTA	670	851	822	855	672	677	740	649
MICECA	279	328	302	318	381	190	336	308
MNZFTA	2	14	6	13	7	2	4	9
MCFTA	75	55	48	89	56	35	64	56
MAFTA	438	291	435	387	432	288	371	351
MJEPA	687	839	867	778	938	637	763	672
MPCEPA	137	177	167	198	95	110	130	143
GSP	97	105	116	195	154	93	76	155

Notes: The preference giving countries under the GSP scheme are Switzerland, the Russian Federation, Japan, Kazakhstan and Cambodia.



AANZFTA: ASEAN-Australia-New Zealand Free Trade Agreement (Implemented since 1 January 2010)



ATIGA: ASEAN Trade in Goods Agreement (Implemented since 1 May 2010)



AJCEP: ASEAN-Japan Comprehensive Economic Partnership (Implemented since 1 February 2009)



ACFTA: ASEAN-China Free Trade Agreement (Implemented since 1 July 2003)



AKFTA: ASEAN-Korea Free Trade Agreement (Implemented since 1 July 2006)



AIFTA: ASEAN-India Free Trade Agreement (Implemented since 1 January 2010)



MPCEPA: Malaysia-Pakistan Closer Economic Partnership Agreement (Implemented since 1 January 2008)



MJEPA: Malaysia-Japan Economic Partnership Agreement (Implemented since 13 July 2006)



MICECA: Malaysia-India Comprehensive Economic Cooperation Agreement (Implemented since 1 July 2011)



MNZFTA: Malaysia-New Zealand Free Trade Agreement (Implemented since 1 August 2010)

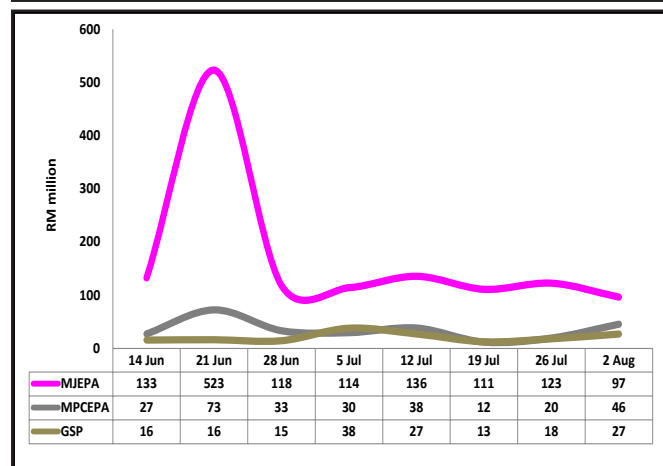
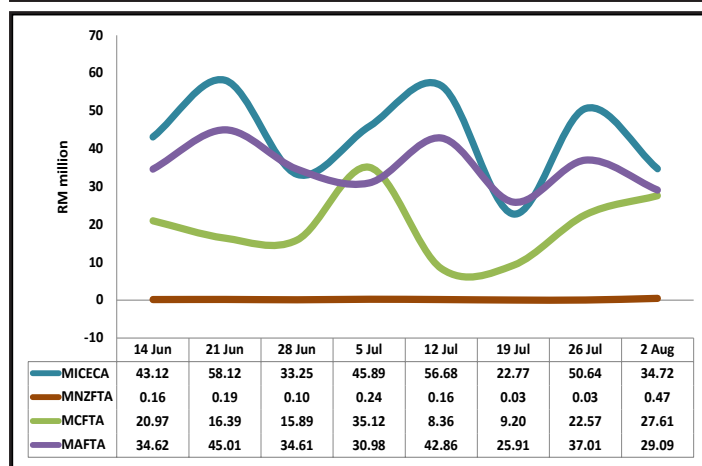
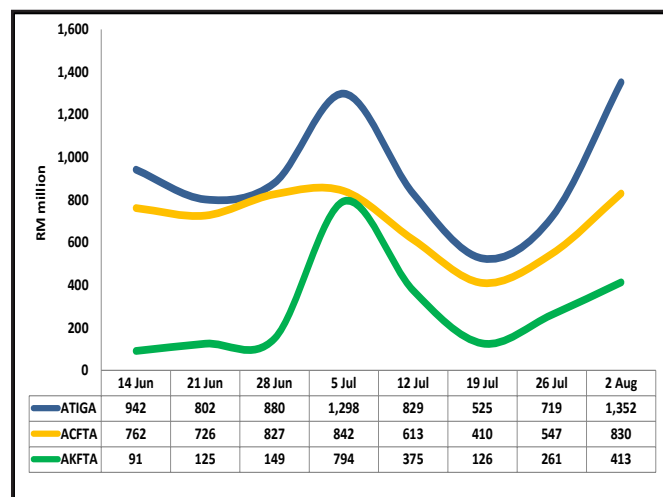
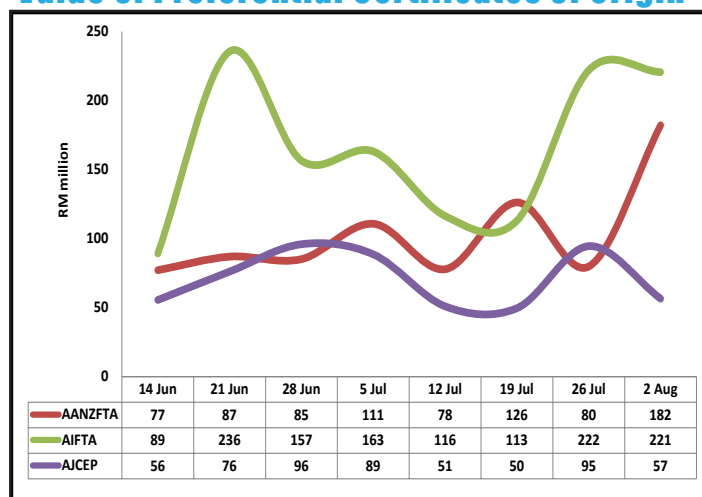


MCFTA: Malaysia-Chile Free Trade Agreement (Implemented since 25 February 2012)



MAFTA: Malaysia-Australia Free Trade Agreement (Implemented since 1 January 2013)

Value of Preferential Certificates of Origin



“DRIVING Transformation, POWERING Growth.”

Source: Ministry of International Trade and Industry, Malaysia

Commodity Prices



Commodity	Crude Petroleum (per bbl)	Crude Palm Oil (per MT)	Raw Sugar (per MT)	Rubber SMR 20 (per MT)	Cocoa SMC 2 (per MT)	Coal (per MT)	Scrap Iron HMS (per MT)
7 Aug 2015 (US\$)	43.9	599.5	234.0	1,343.5	2,058.0	47.3	250 (high) 230 (low)
% change*	↓ 6.8	↓ 3.7	↓ 3.3	↓ 3.8	↓ 7.8	↓ 0.4	3.8 unchanged
2014 ⁱ	54.6 - 107.6	823.3	352.3	1,718.3	2,615.8	59.8	370.0
2013 ⁱ	88.1 - 108.6	805.5	361.6	2,390.8	1,933.1	..	485.6

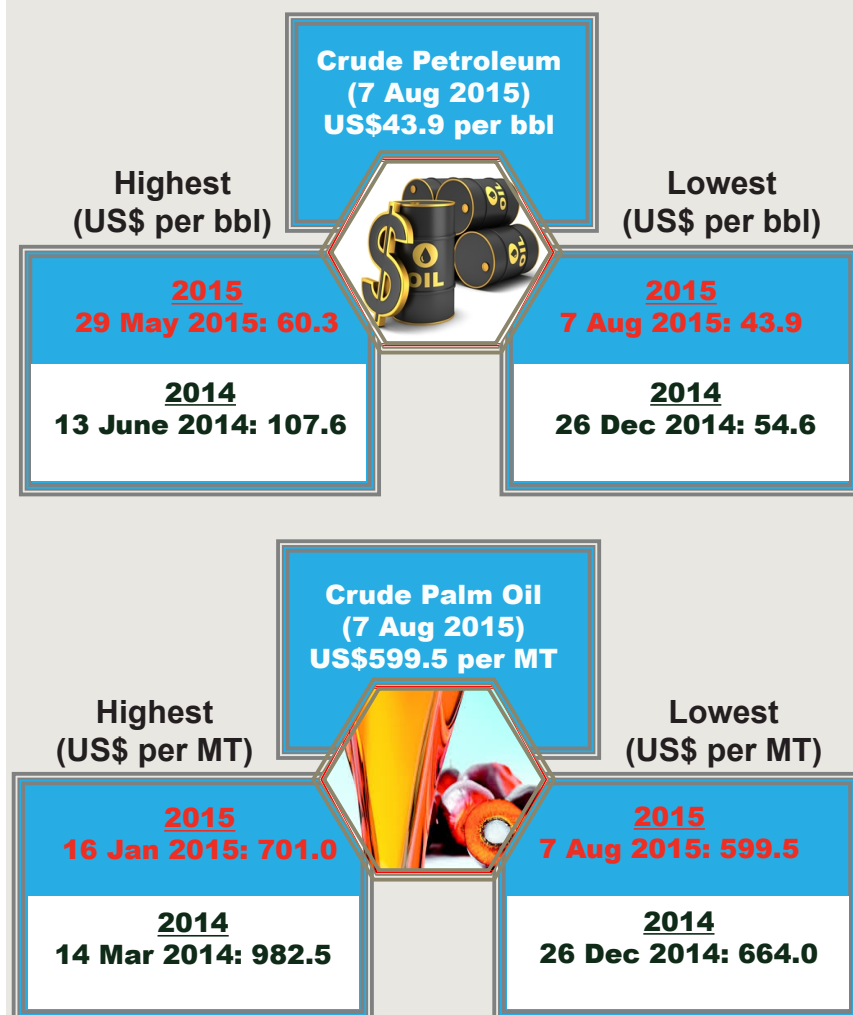
Notes: All figures have been rounded to the nearest decimal point

* Refer to % change from the previous week's price

ⁱ Average price in the year except otherwise indicated

n.a Not available

Highest and Lowest Prices, 2014/2015



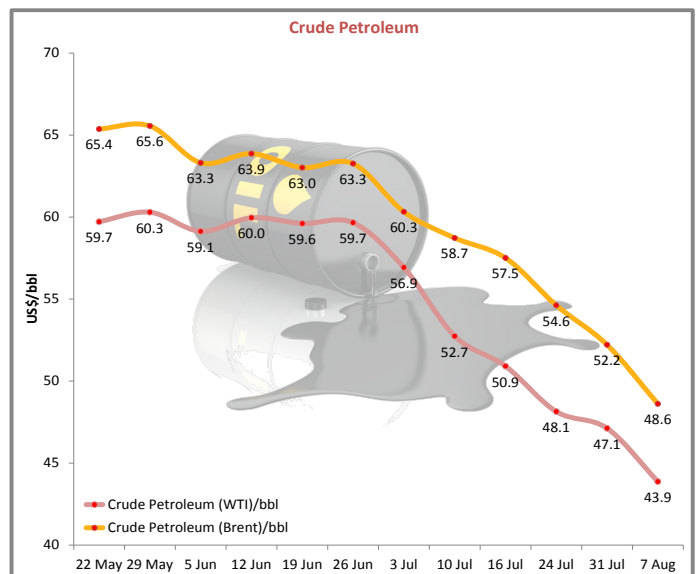
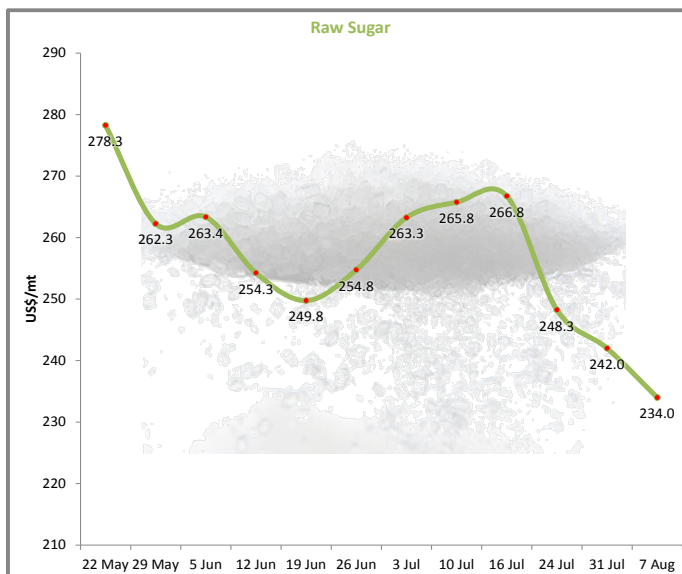
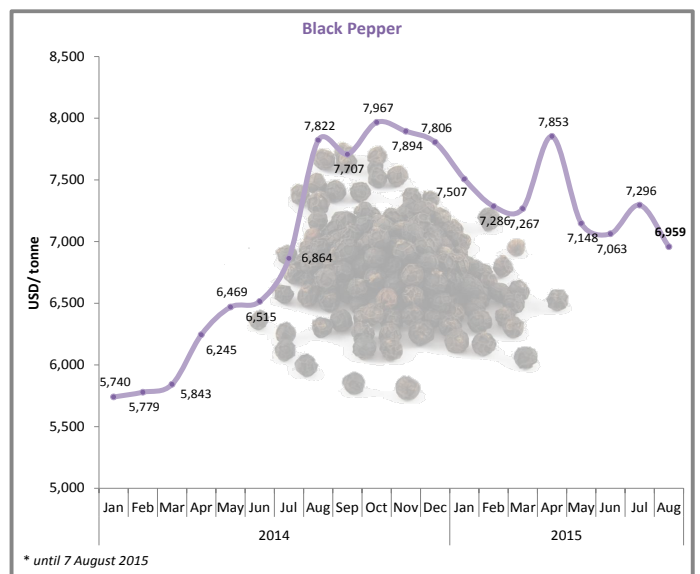
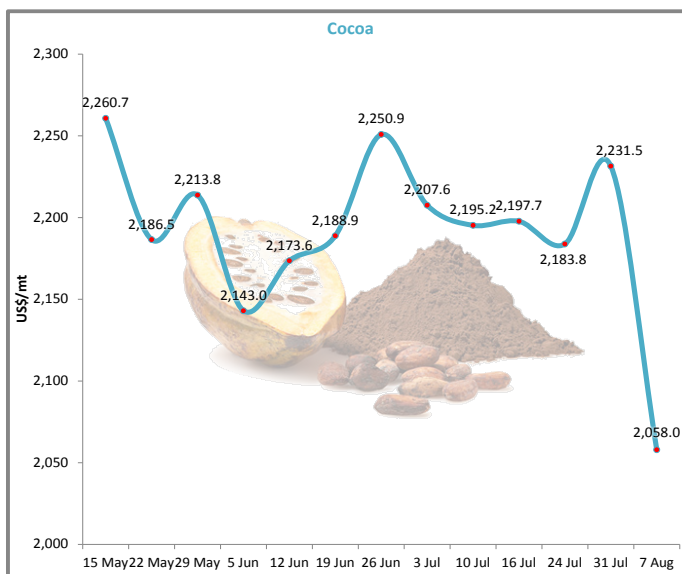
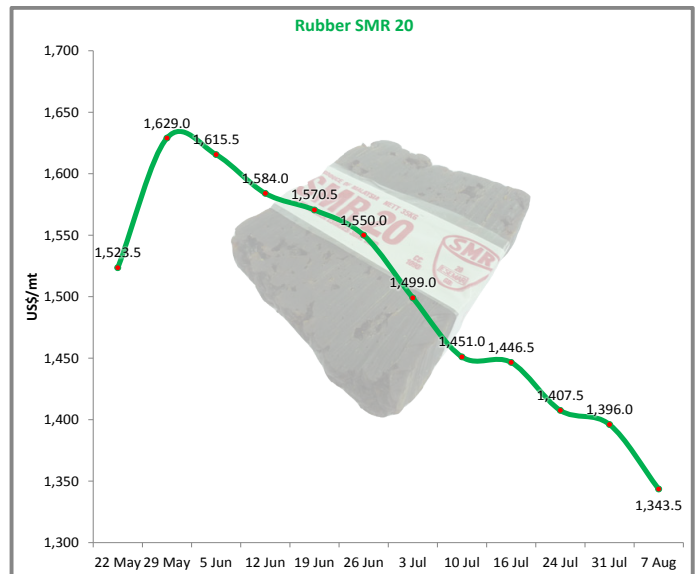
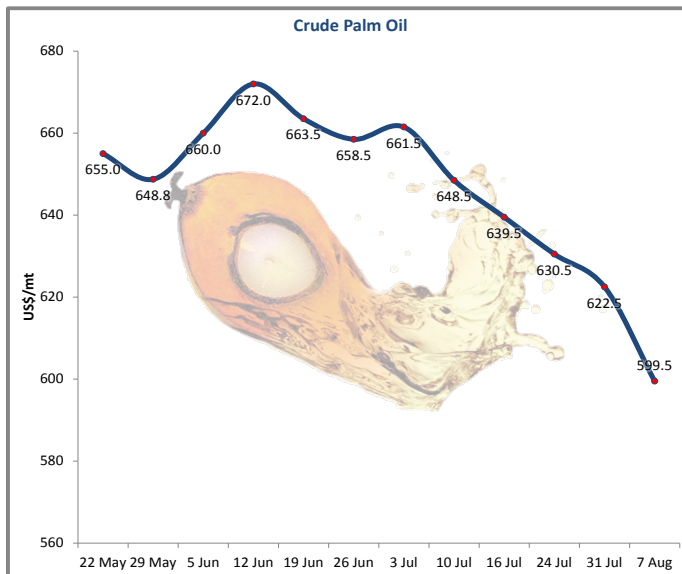
Average Domestic Prices, 7 Aug 2015



Sources: Ministry of International Trade and Industry Malaysia, Malaysian Palm Oil Board, Malaysian Rubber Board, Malaysian Cocoa Board, Malaysian Iron and Steel Industry Federation, Bloomberg and Czarnikow Group.



Commodity Price Trends

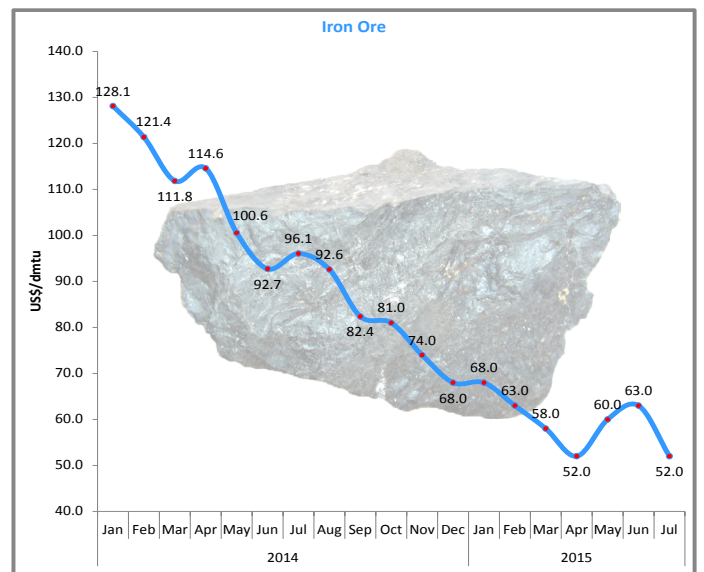
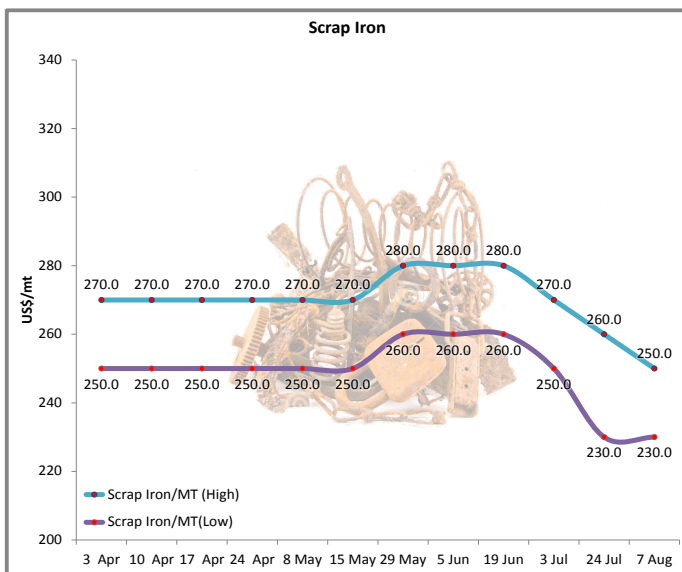
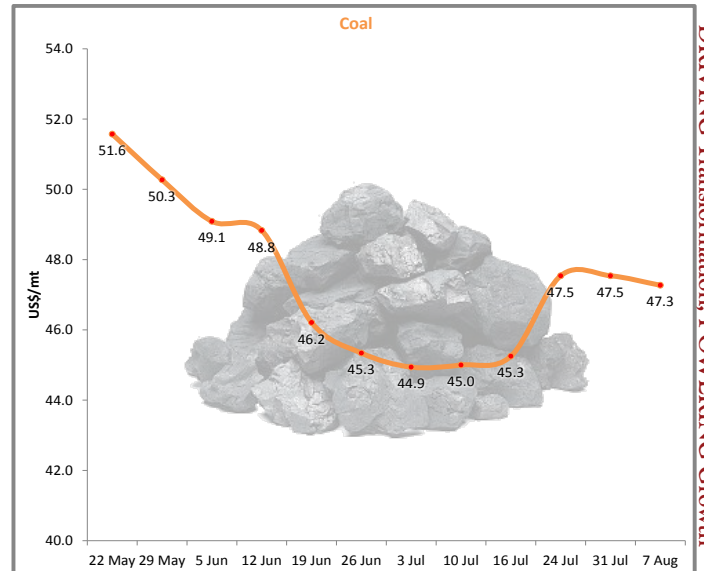
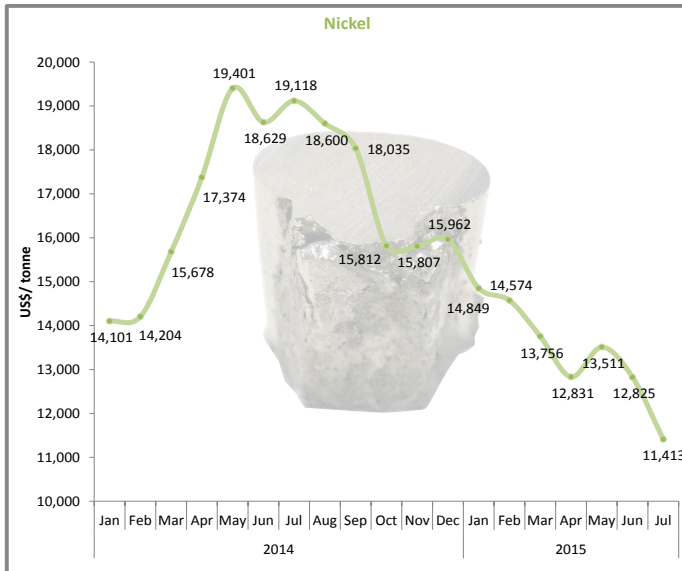
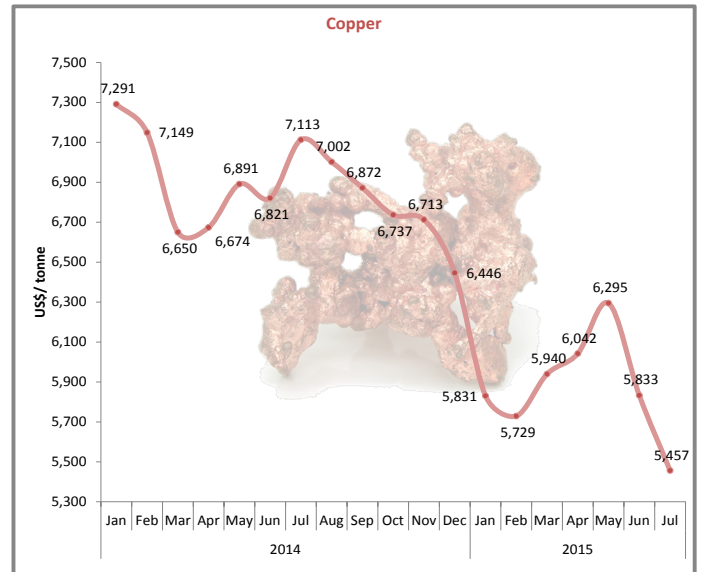
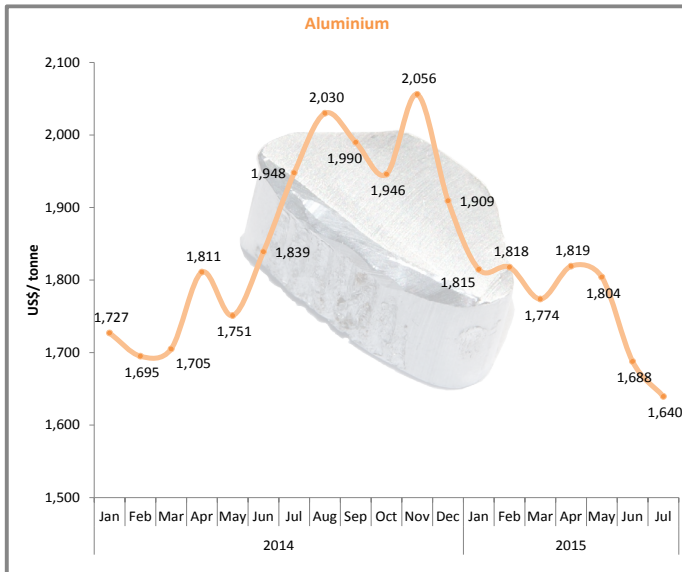


“DRIVING Transformation, POWERING Growth”

Sources: Ministry of International Trade and Industry Malaysia, Malaysian Palm Oil Board, Malaysian Rubber Board, Malaysian Cocoa Board, Malaysian Pepper Board, Malaysian Iron and Steel Industry Federation, Bloomberg and Czarnikow Group, World Bank.



Commodity Price Trends



“DRIVING Transformation, POWERING Growth”

Sources: Ministry of International Trade and Industry Malaysia, Malaysian Palm Oil Board, Malaysian Rubber Board, Malaysian Cocoa Board, Malaysian Pepper Board, Malaysian Iron and Steel Industry Federation, Bloomberg and Czarnikow Group, World Bank.



Success Story



Established in 1989, Carimin has emerged as one of the leading integrated service providers in the Oil and Gas Industry in Malaysia.

CORE BUSINESS:

We are predominantly involved in the provision of:

- Hook Up & Commissioning Works
- Topside Major Maintenance Services
- Rejuvenation, retrofit and upgrading Services
- Onshore facilities construction and maintenance
- Inspection and professional manpower supply
- Minor fabrication works
- Marine services including supply of work boats anchor handling tug supply, work barges etc.

Our Service cover offshore engineering, scheduled/work pack development procurement, structural/ piping fabrication, electrical/ instrumentation installation, as well as pre-commissioning and commissioning activity.

Carimin has developed an established clientele comprising major O&G player such as Petronas Carigali, Shell, Murphy Oil, Talisman, Exxon Mobil, Newfield, Hess, Nippon oil, PC Myanmar and others. To date, Carimin has delivered more than RM1 Billion Worth of projects and services. The group is also one of the few players to be awarded a work package under Petronas' Pan Malaysia Integrated Hook Up & Commissioning (HUC) & Topside Major Maintenance (TMM) Services contract which commenced 2013.



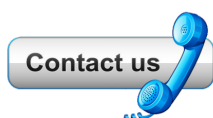
ACCREDITATION AND CERTIFICATION:

ISO 9001:2008



KEY CLIENTS & PROJECTS

Country	Client(s)	Project Name and Summary of Work Scope
Malaysia	Petronas Carigali Sdn Bhd	Provision of Hook Up & Commissioning and Topside Major Maintenance Services for 2013 to 2018
Malaysia	Talisman Malaysia Limited	Provision for Minor Fabrication for Flowlines and Structural Work
Malaysia	Petronas Carigali Sdn Bhd	Provision for Pre-Commissioning and Commissioning at Pulain A Glycol Dehydration & Regeneration system Reinstatement for Petronas Carigali Sdn Bhd
Malaysia	Petronas Carigali Sdn Bhd	Umbrella Contract for the Provision of spot Charter Marine Vessel Services
Malaysia	PC Myanmar (Hong Kong) Ltd	Provision of Skilled Manpower supply for Onshore / Offshore Operations and Maintenance



Add: B-1-6, Megan Avenue 1, 189 Jln Tun Razak,
50400, Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia
Tel: 603 2168 7000
Fax: 603 2164 2199
Website: www.carimin.com



MITI Programme

AEC Open Day 2015, MATRADE



“DRIVING Transformation, POWERING Growth”





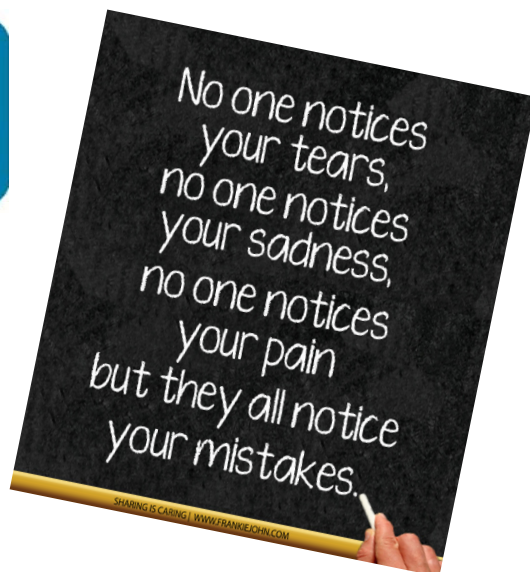
ASEAN UNITY RUN 2015

21K-10K-5K

09 AUGUST 2015
KUALA LUMPUR



“DRIVING Transformation, POWERING Growth”



AT YOUR SERVICE



Name : Rosidi Mansoor
Designation : Assistant Islamic Affairs Officer
Job Description: Manage courses and islamic affairs
Division : Human Resource Managemnet
Contact No : 603-6200 0225
Email : rosidi.mansoor@miti.gov.my



Name : Zunaida Bee Mydin Pillai
Designation : Assistant Administrative Officer (Asset)
Job Description: Responsible for the overall management of the assets of the Ministry
Division : Finance
Contact No : 603-6200 0235
Email : zunaida@miti.gov.my

Comments & Suggestions

Dear Readers,

Kindly click the link below for any comments in this issue. MWB reserves the right to edit and to republish letters as reprints.

<http://www.miti.gov.my/index.php/forms/form/13>



MITI Weekly Bulletin / www.miti.gov.my

