

**MAJLIS NETWORKING HARI RAYA
MITI DAN AGENSI BERSAMA SEKTOR
SWASTA 2017**

Kementerian Perdagangan Antarabangsa dan Industri (MITI) serta agensi di bawahnya telah meneruskan tradisi tahunan kementerian dengan menganjurkan Majlis Networking Hari Raya MITI dan agensi bersama Sektor Swasta 2017. Majlis ini diadakan pada 18 Julai 2017 (Selasa) bertempat di Dewan Perdana MITI, Kuala Lumpur dari jam 12.00 tengahari hingga 2.30 petang.

Seramai lebih 2,000 jemputan telah hadir meraikan majlis raya MITI kali ini. Antara jemputan adalah Kedutaan-Kedutaan asing di Malaysia, Majlis Perniagaan, Dewan Perniagaan, Persatuan Perniagaan, Syarikat-Syarikat sektor swasta serta Kumpulan Pengurusan dari sektor awam dan sektor swasta.

Turut diraikan pada majlis ini ialah seramai 20 orang anak yatim dari Pertubuhan Kebajikan Anak-anak Yatim Al Nasuha, Kuala Lumpur. Objektif program ini adalah untuk mengeratkan silaturahim sesama warga MITI, agensi di bawahnya serta memperkuuhkan jalinan profesional di antara MITI, agensi di bawahnya, jabatan dan juga sektor swasta.

Antara tarikan yang disediakan dalam program ini termasuklah pelbagai juadah dan persembahan khas daripada kakitangan MITI dengan dendangan kombinasi lagu-lagu Hari Raya.





MINISTRY OF INTERNATIONAL TRADE AND INDUSTRY

MEDIA RELEASE

JOINT STATEMENT ON PALM-OIL IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE 3RD MALAYSIA-INDONESIA JOINT TRADE AND INVESTMENT COMMITTEE (JTIC)

MEETING, 13 JULY 2017, KUCHING, SARAWAK

Dato' Sri Mustapa Mohamed, Minister of International Trade and Industry, Malaysia and Enggartiasto Lukita, Minister of Trade, Indonesia met in Kuching, Sarawak, Malaysia on 13 July 2017 in conjunction with the 3rd Malaysia – Indonesia Joint Trade and Investment Committee meeting. One of the issues discussed was the European Union (EU) Resolution on Palm Oil and Deforestation of the Rainforest.

Both Malaysia and Indonesia expressed deep disappointment on the unfair treatment by the EU on Palm Oil in favour of other vegetable oils and commodities which also contribute significantly to deforestation. This EU resolution as well as the unfair labelling practices by the private sector in the EU will adversely affect not only exports of palm oil from Malaysia and Indonesia to the EU market but also the livelihood of millions of small holders.

Malaysia and Indonesia will be working together to enhance cooperation under the ambit of the Council of Palm Oil Producing Countries (CPOPC). Malaysia and Indonesia are expected to meet at the end of July 2017 to discuss and coordinate issues related to palm oil including a joint CPOPC mission to Europe to engage with relevant parties and stakeholders.

Further, Malaysia and Indonesia will consider taking this issue to the World Trade Organisation (WTO), if the Resolution becomes an EU Directive and discriminatory in nature.

Media enquiries

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MALAYSIA

Labour Market, May 2017

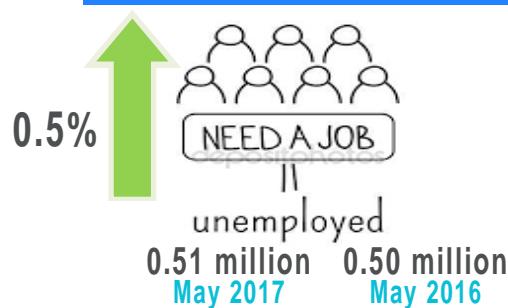
Labour Force

May 2017 14.96 million
May 2016 14.71 million ↑ 1.7%

Employed



Unemployed



Labour Force Participation Rate (LFPR)



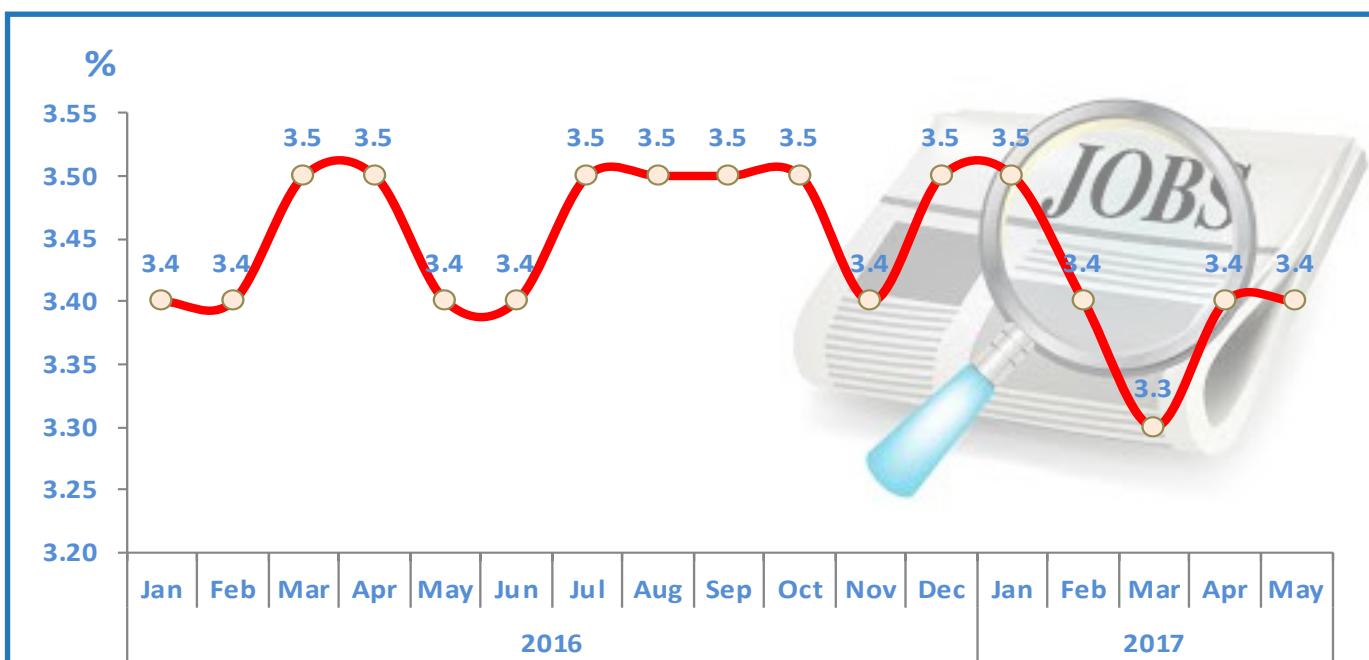
0.1% ↑ 67.8% May 2017

67.7% May 2016

Notes :

Labour force participation rate is defined as the ratio of labour force to the working age population, expressed as percentage.

Unemployment⁴ Rate, Jan 2016 - May 2017



⁴ Unemployment rate is the proportion of unemployed population to the total population in labour force.

Source : Department of Statistics, Malaysia

International Report

Singapore's Global Trade, June 2017



Total trade : S\$78.8 billion, ↑ 7.4%
Imports : S\$36.4 billion, ↑ 6.7%
Exports : S\$42.4 billion, ↑ 7.9%

Note:
% - Year-on-Year Growth

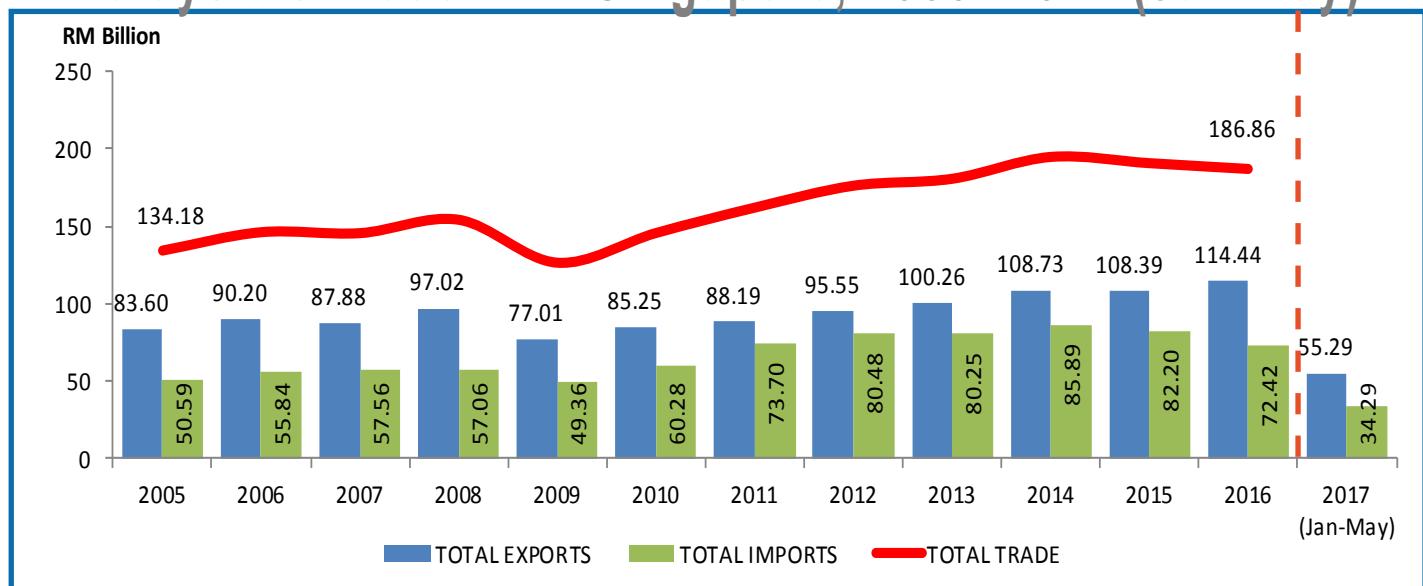
Major Top 10 Trading Partners

Country		Jun-17 (S\$)*	Jun-16 (S\$)*	Change (%)
1)	China	11,362,579	9,404,264	20.8
2)	Malaysia	7,945,569	8,259,141	-3.8
3)	United States	6,872,526	6,049,255	13.6
4)	Hong Kong	5,851,420	5,359,299	9.2
5)	Taiwan	5,216,047	4,297,416	21.4
6)	Indonesia	4,458,827	4,708,112	-5.3
7)	Japan	4,458,577	4,447,264	0.3
8)	Korea, Rep Of	3,706,246	3,561,000	4.1
9)	Thailand	2,494,863	2,454,617	1.6
10)	Viet Nam	1,973,180	1,519,598	29.8

* value in S\$ thousand

Source: <http://www.singstat.gov.sg/>

Malaysia's Trade with Singapore, 2005- 2017 (Jan-May)

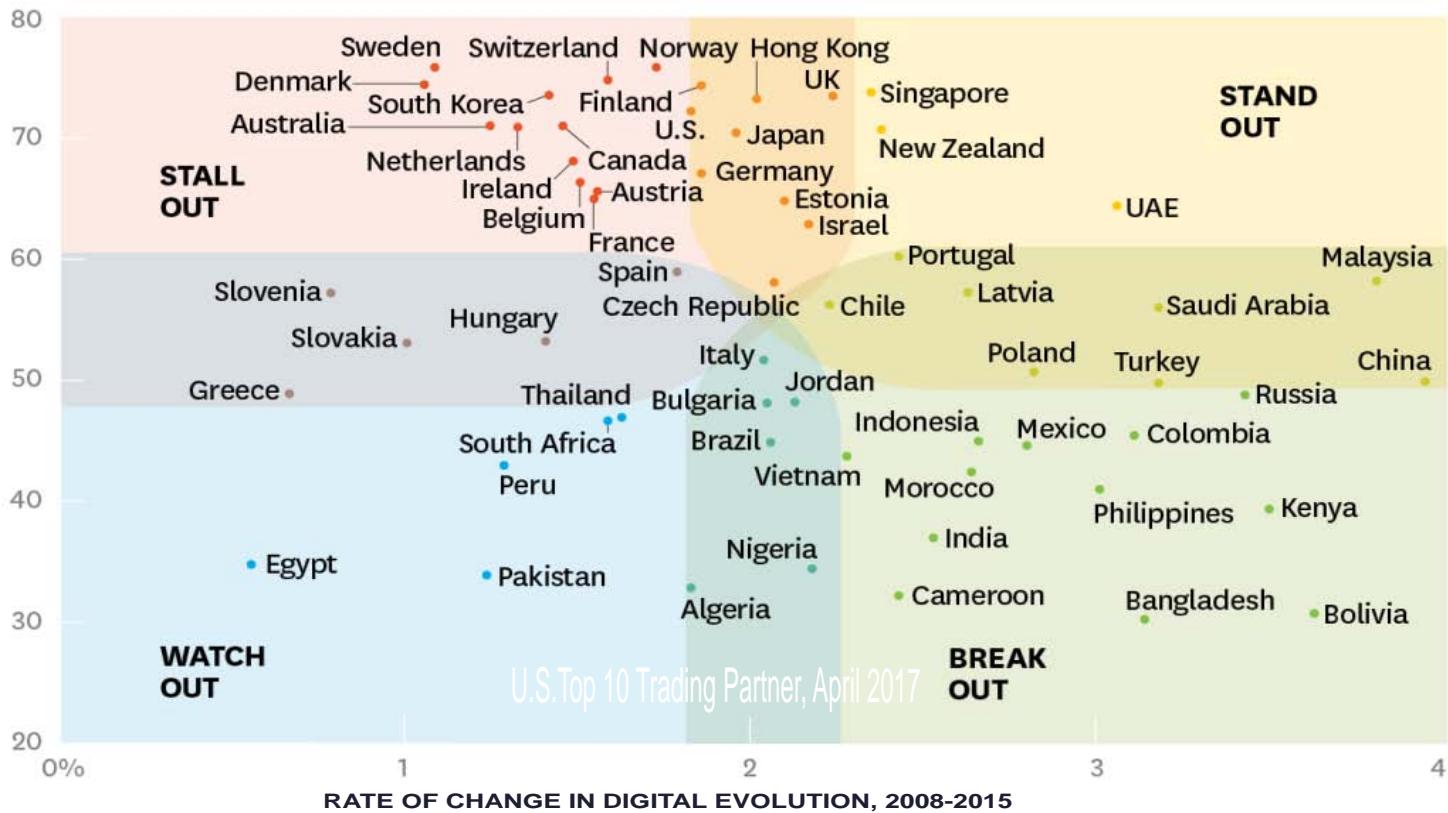


International Report

Plotting the Digital Evolution Index, 2017

Where the digital economy is moving the fastest, and where it's in trouble.

HOW COUNTRIES SCORED ACROSS FOUR DRIVERS ON THE DIGITAL EVOLUTION INDEX (OUT OF 100)



Note:

Stand Out countries are highly digitally advanced and exhibit high momentum. They are leaders in driving innovation, building on their existing advantages in efficient and effective ways. However, sustaining consistently high momentum over time is challenging, as innovation-led expansions are often lumpy phenomena. To stay ahead, these countries need to keep their innovation engines in top gear and generate new demand, failing which they risk stalling out.

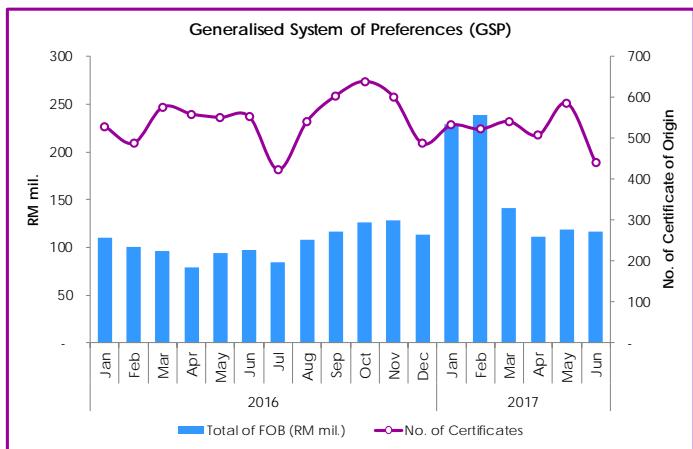
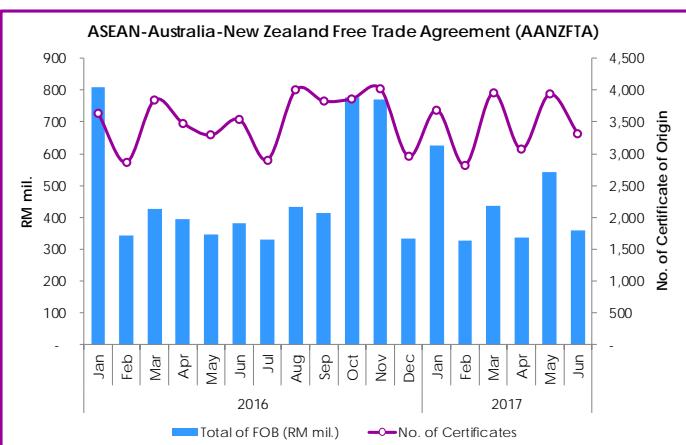
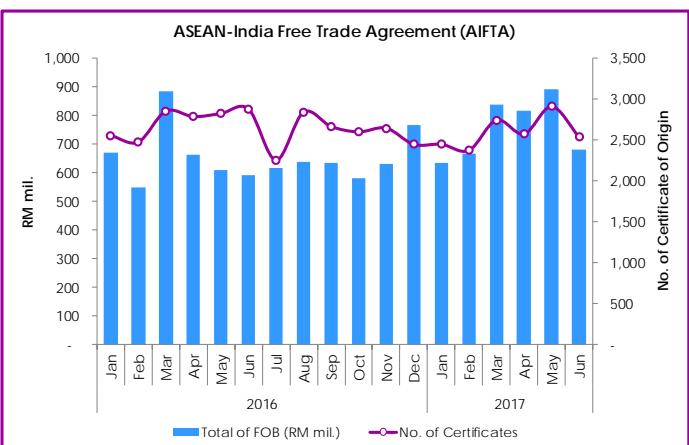
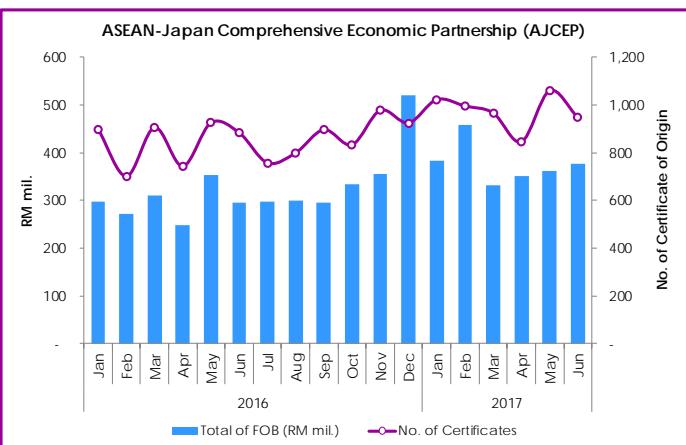
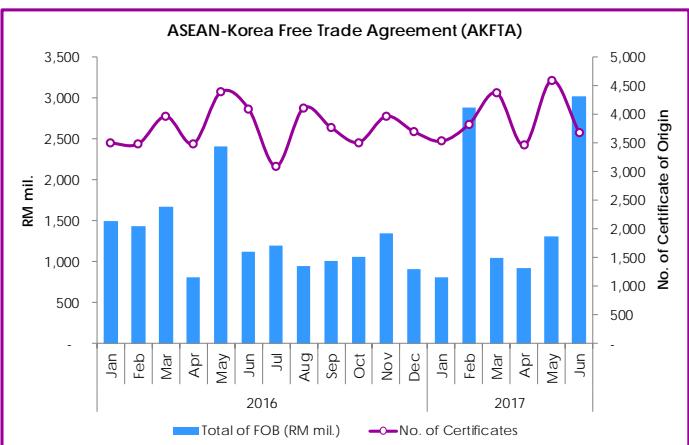
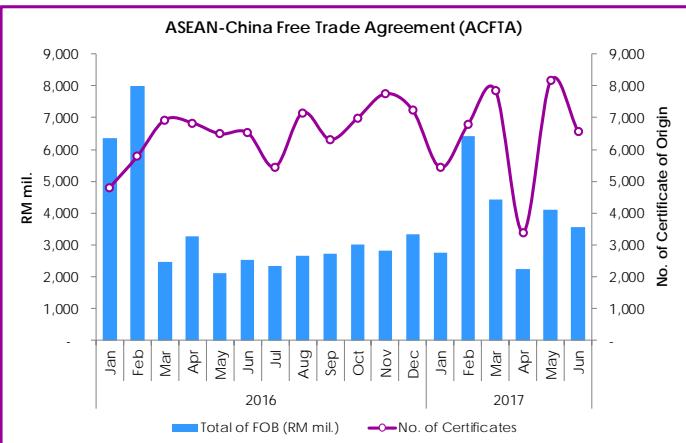
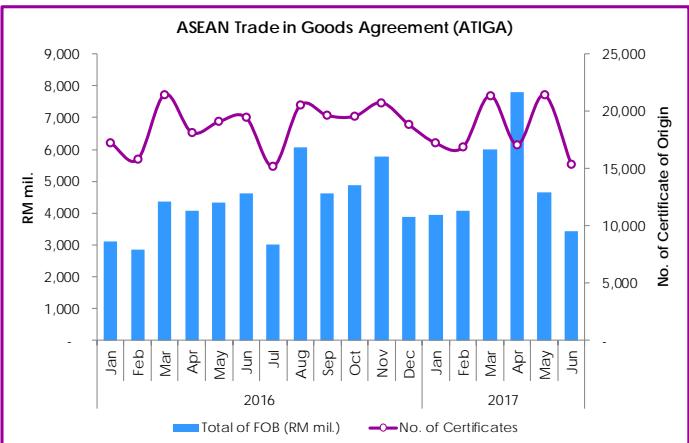
Stall Out countries enjoy a high state of digital advancement while exhibiting slowing momentum. The five top scoring countries in the DEI 2017 ranking — Norway, Sweden, Switzerland, Denmark, and Finland — are all in the Stall Out zone, reflecting the challenges of sustaining growth. Moving past these “digital plateaus” will require a conscious effort by these countries to reinvent themselves, to bet on a rising digital technology in which it has leadership, and to eliminate impediments to innovation. Stall Out countries may look to Stand Out countries for lessons in sustaining innovation-led growth. Countries in the Stall Out zone can put their maturity, scale, and network effects to use to reinvent themselves and grow.

Break Out countries are low-scoring in their current states of digitalization but are evolving rapidly. The high momentum of Break Out countries and their significant headroom for growth would make them highly attractive to investors. Often held back by relatively weak infrastructure and poor institutional quality, Break Out countries would do well to foster better institutions that can help nurture and sustain innovation. Break Out countries have the potential to become the Stand Out countries of the future, with China, Malaysia, Bolivia, Kenya, and Russia leading the pack.

Watch Out countries face significant challenges with their low state of digitalization and low momentum; in some cases, these countries are moving backward in their pace of digitalization. Some of these countries demonstrate remarkable creativity in the face of severe infrastructural gaps, institutional constraints, and low sophistication of consumer demand. The surest way for these countries to move the needle on momentum would be to improve internet access by closing the mobile internet gap — that is, the difference between the number of mobile phones and the number of mobile phones with internet access.

Source: https://www.weforum.org/agenda/2017/07/these-are-the-worlds-most-digitally-advanced-countries?utm_content=buffera5b04&utm_medium=social&utm_source=facebook.com&utm_campaign=buffer

Number and Value of Preferential Certificates of Origin (PCOs)

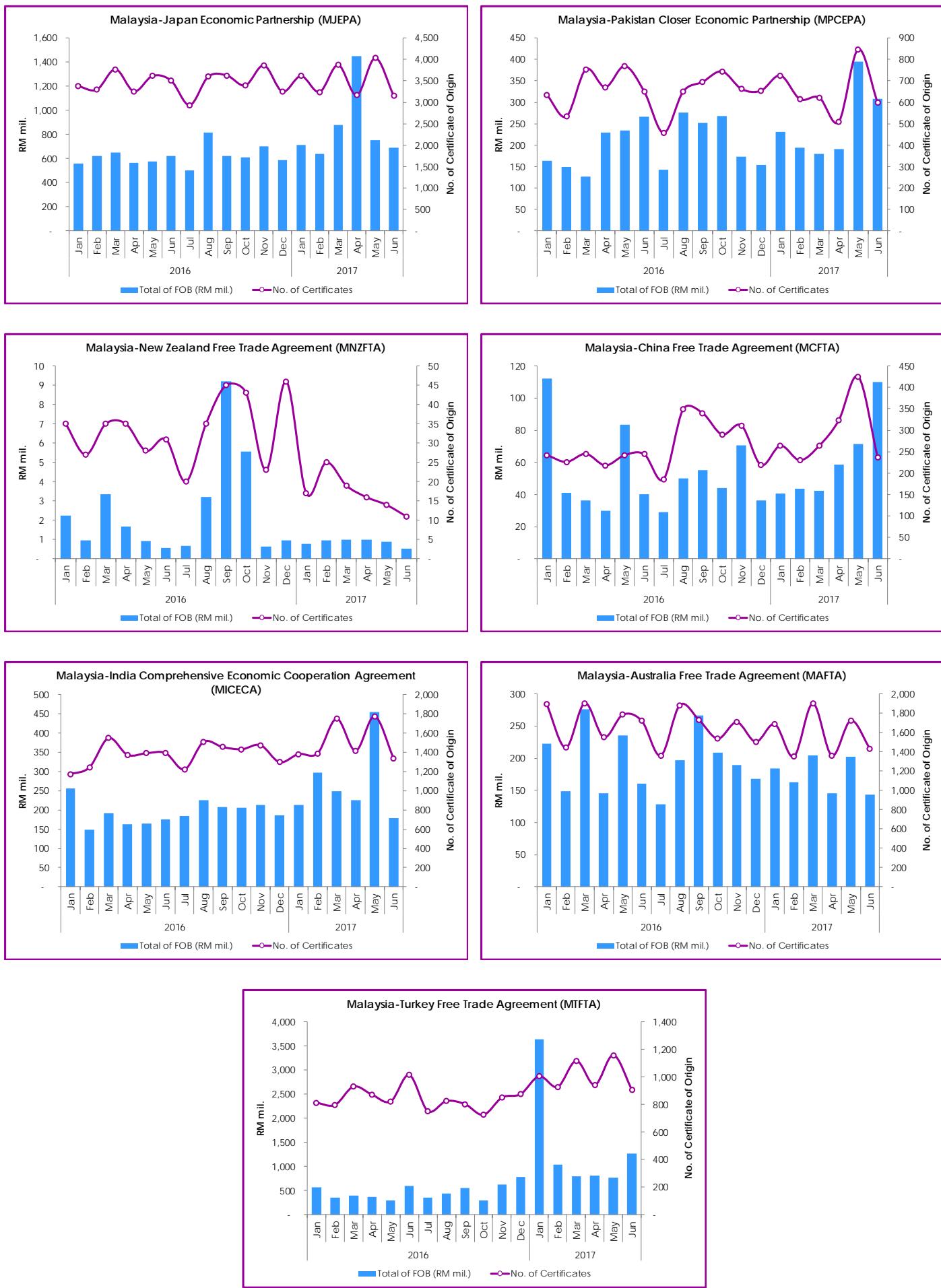


Note: The preference giving countries under the GSP scheme are Liechtenstein, the Russian Federation, Japan, Switzerland, Belarus, Kazakhstan and Norway.

Note: *Provisional Data

Source: Ministry of International Trade and Industry, Malaysia

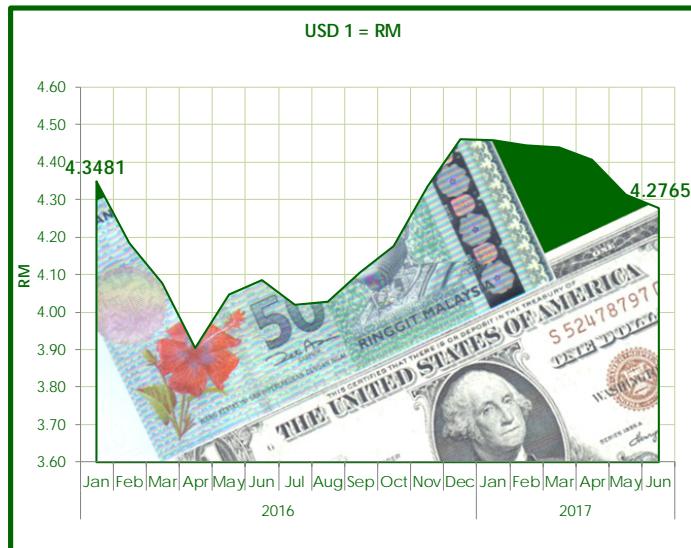
Number and Value of Preferential Certificates of Origin (PCOs)



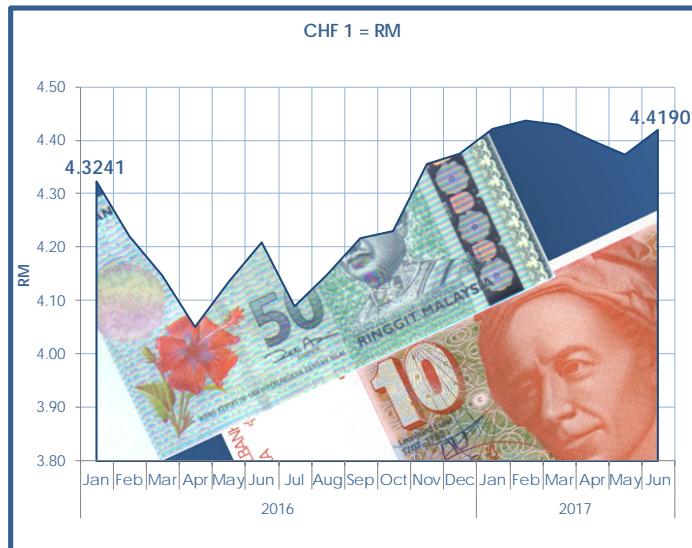
Note: *Provisional Data
Source: Ministry of International Trade and Industry, Malaysia

Malaysian Ringgit Exchange Rate with Selected Countries, January 2016 - June 2017

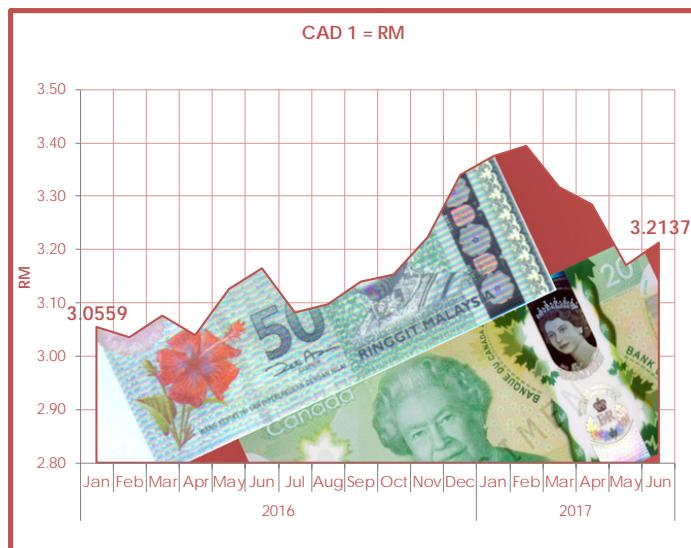
US Dollar



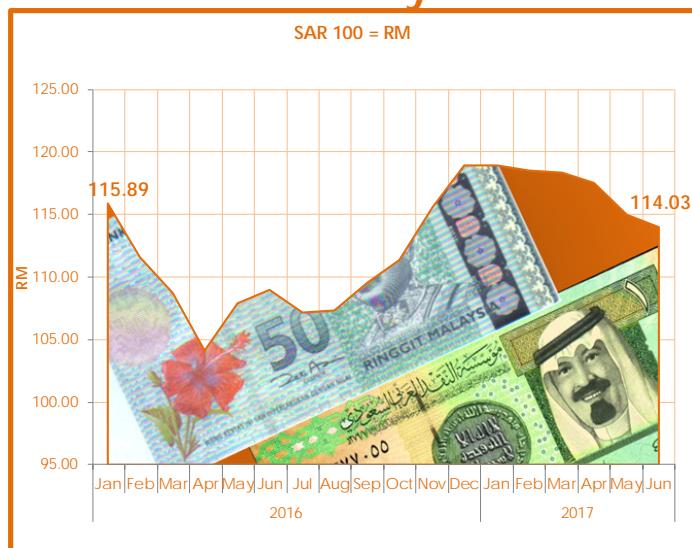
Swiss Franc



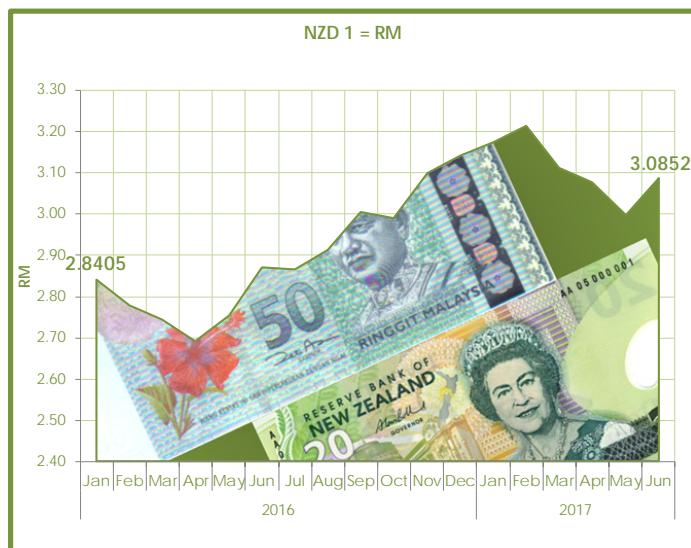
Canadian Dollar



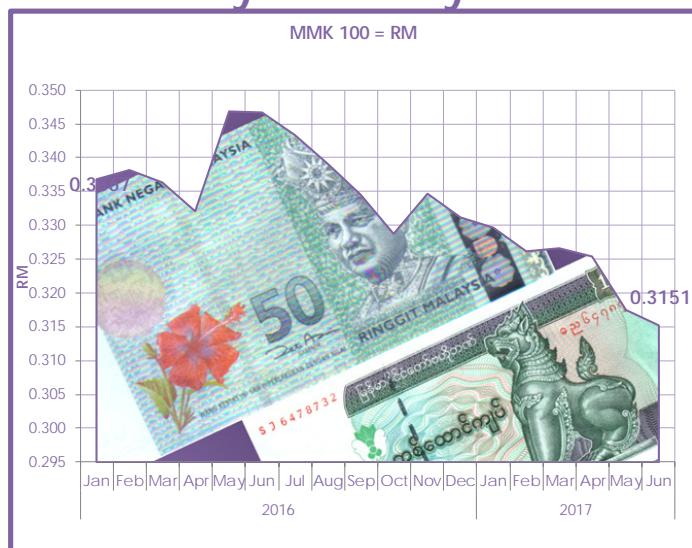
Saudi Riyal



New Zealand Dollar



Myanmar Kyat



Source : Bank Negara, Malaysia

Commodity Prices



CRUDE PETROLEUM (BRENT) -per bbl-

21 July 2017 : US\$48.1, ▼ 1.9%*
Average Priceⁱ : 2016: US\$45.3
2015: US\$53.6



CRUDE PALM OIL -per MT-

21 July 2017 : US\$670.5, ▲ 0.7%*
Average Priceⁱ : 2016: US\$702.2
2015: US\$616.9



SUGAR -per lbs-

21 July 2017 : US¢ 14.4, ▲ 0.7%*
Average Priceⁱ : 2016: US¢18.2
2015: US¢13.2



RUBBER SMR 20 -per MT-

21 July 2017 : US\$1,568.5, ▲ 3.9%*
Average Priceⁱ : 2016: US\$1,394.5
2015: US\$1,364.3



COCOA SMC 2 -per MT-

21 July 2017 : US\$1,421.7, ▲ 3.5%*
Average Priceⁱ : 2016: US\$1,609.8
2015: US\$2,077.0



COAL -per MT-

21 July 2017 : US\$44.1, unchanged
Average Priceⁱ : 2016: US\$45.6
2015: US\$49.9



SCRAP IRON HMS -per MT-

21 July 2017 : US\$315.0 (high), unchanged
US\$300.0 (low), unchanged
Average Priceⁱ : 2016: US\$243.2
2015: US\$239.6

HIGHEST and LOWEST 2016/2017

Crude Petroleum (Brent) -per bbl-



Highest

6 Jan 2017 : US\$57.1
30 Dec 2016 : US\$56.8

Lowest

23 June 2017 : US\$45.5
15 Jan 2016 : US\$28.9

Crude Palm Oil -per MT-



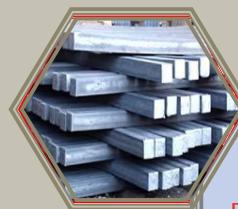
Highest

20 Jan 2017 : US\$843.0
30 Dec 2016 : US\$797.5

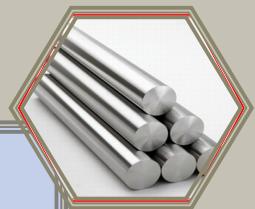
Lowest

30 June 2017 : US\$650.0
15 Jan 2016 : US\$545.5

Domestic Prices 21 July 2017



**Billets
(per MT)**
RM1,950 – RM2,000



**Steel Bars
(per MT)**
RM2,200 – RM2,350

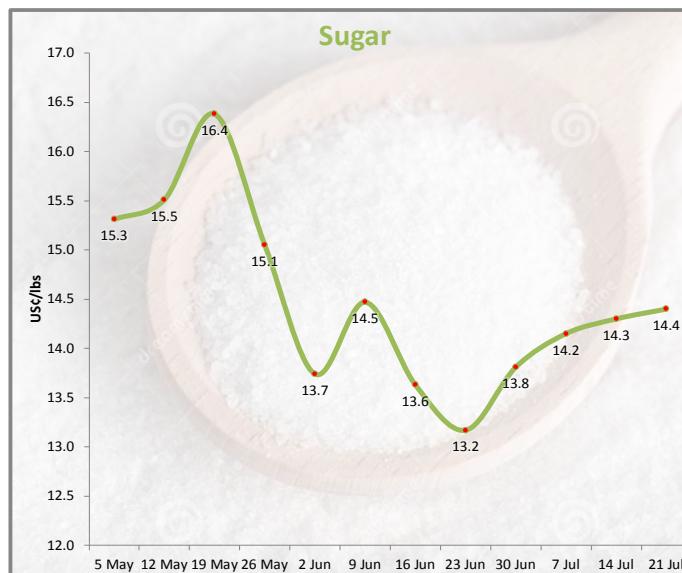
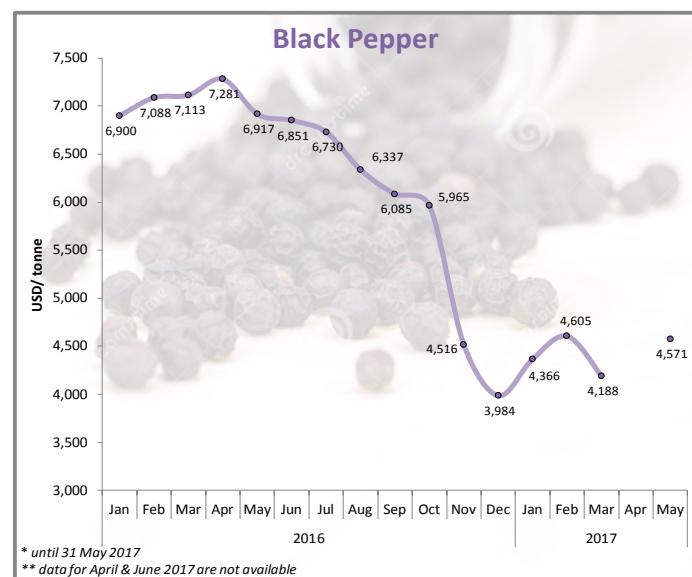
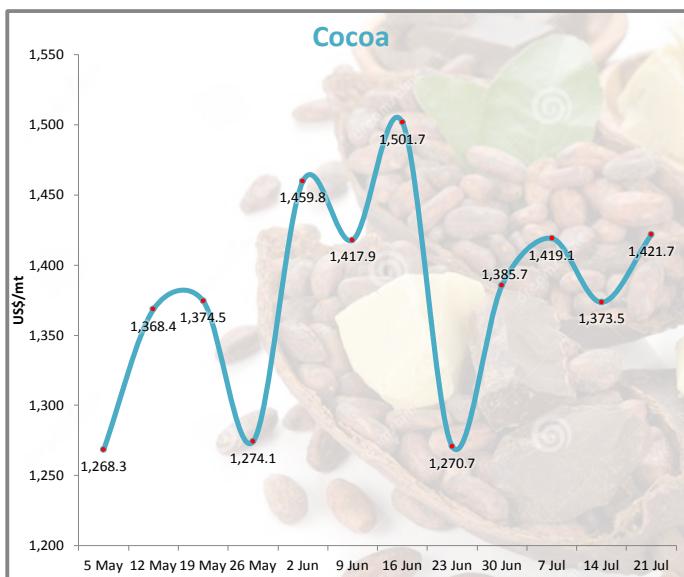
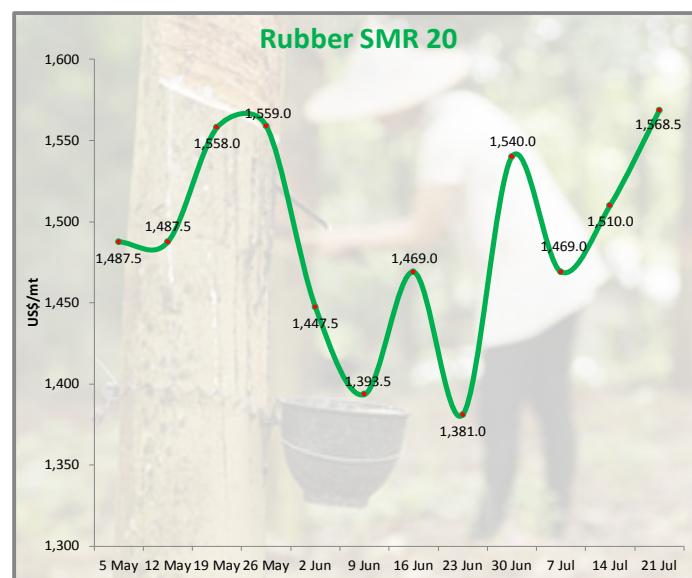
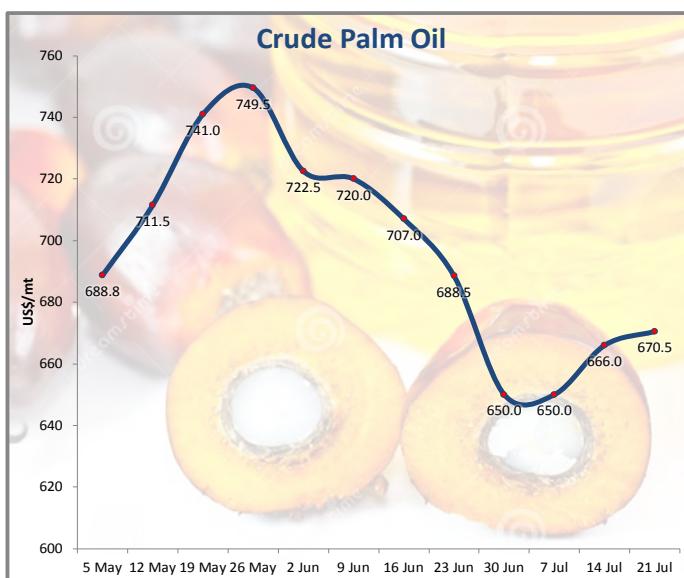
Notes: All figures have been rounded to the nearest decimal point

* Refer to % change from the previous week's price

i Average price in the year except otherwise indicated

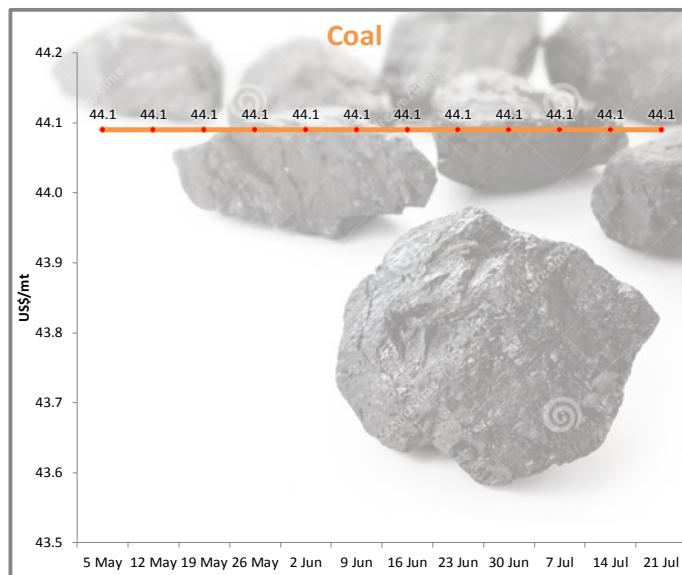
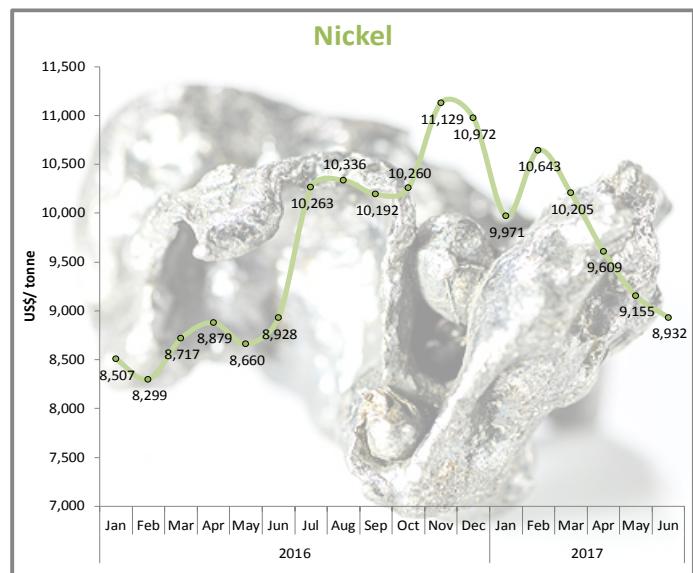
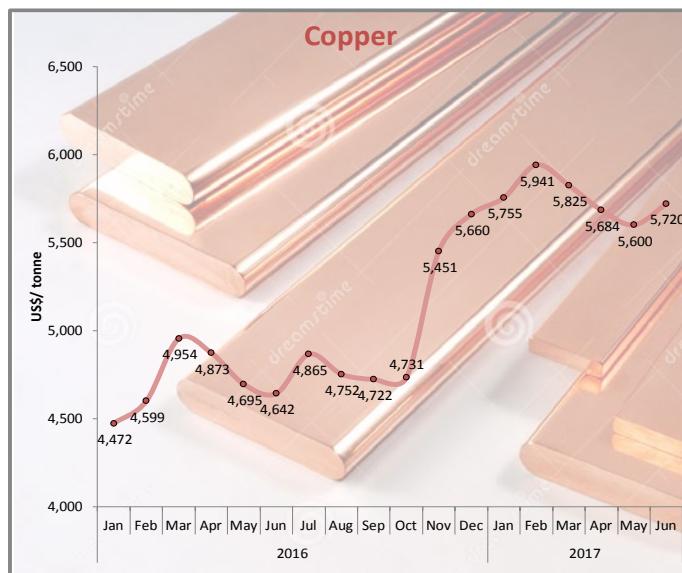
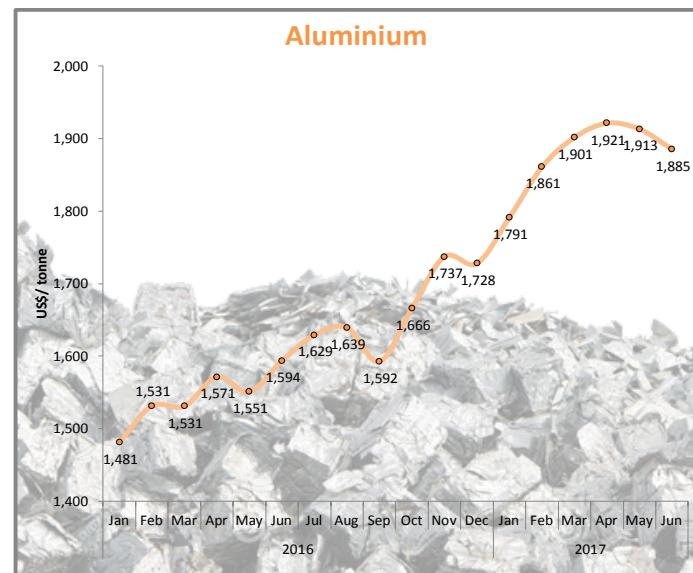
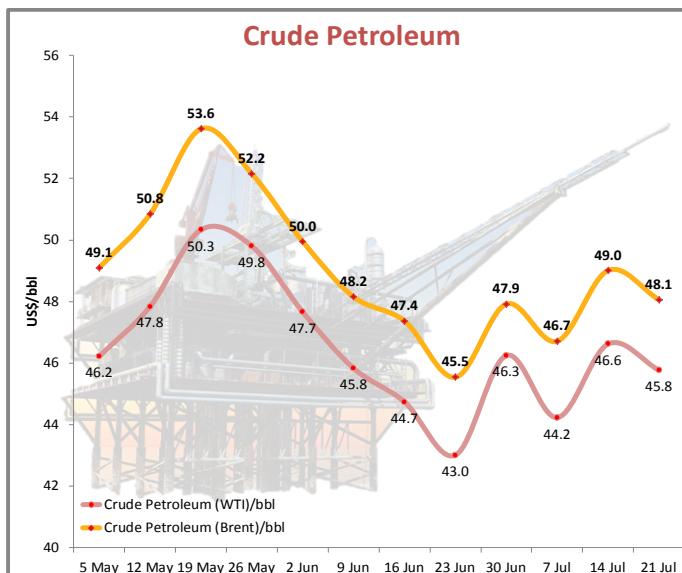
Sources: Ministry of International Trade and Industry Malaysia, Malaysian Palm Oil Board, Malaysian Rubber Board, Malaysian Cocoa Board, Malaysian Iron and Steel Industry Federation, Bloomberg and Czarnikow Group.

Commodity Price Trends



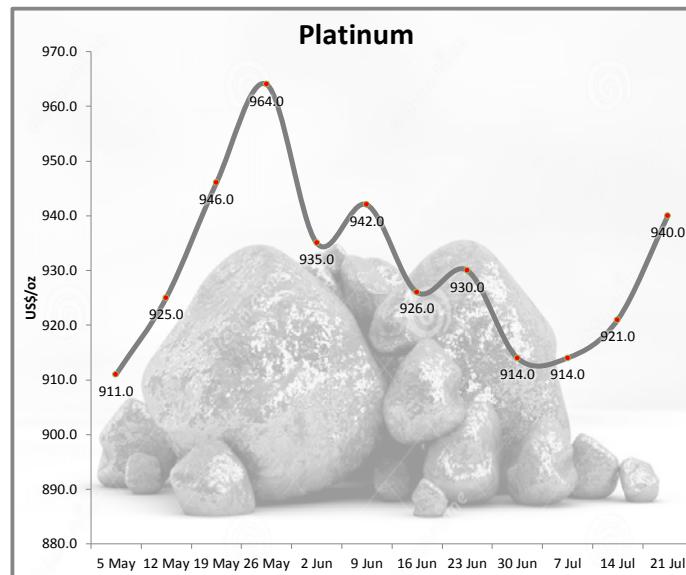
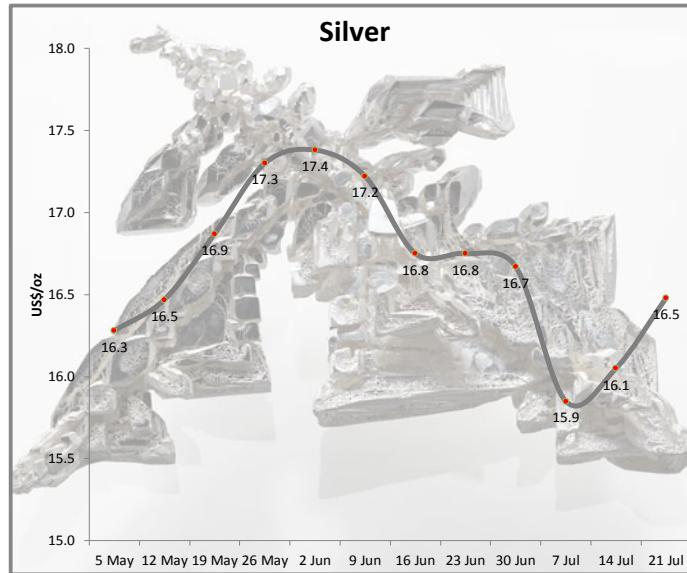
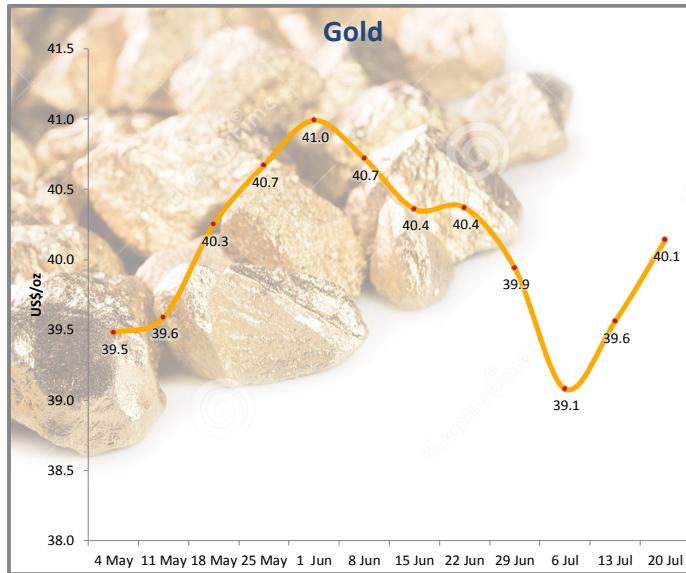
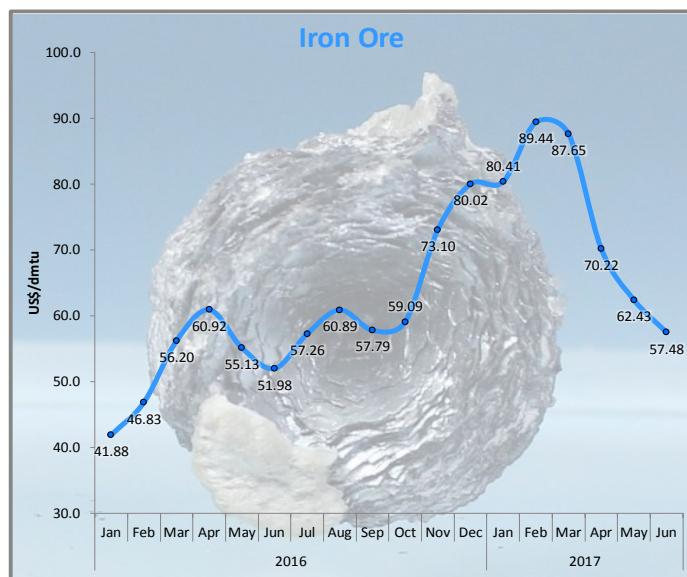
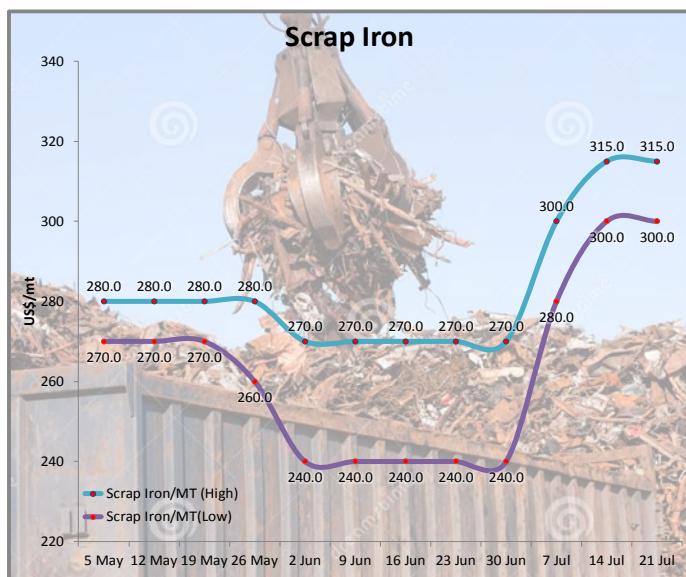
Sources: Ministry of International Trade and Industry Malaysia, Malaysian Palm Oil Board, Malaysian Rubber Board, Malaysian Cocoa Board, Malaysian Pepper Board, Bloomberg and Czarnikow Group, World Bank, World Gold Council, The Wall Street Journal.

Commodity Price Trends



Sources: Ministry of International Trade and Industry Malaysia, Malaysian Iron and Steel Industry Federation, Bloomberg and Czarnikow Group, World Bank, World Gold Council, The Wall Street Journal.

Commodity Price Trends



Sources: Ministry of International Trade and Industry Malaysia, Malaysian Iron and Steel Industry Federation, Bloomberg and Czarnikow Group, World Bank.

MITI PROGRAMME

Mini MITI TN50 Townhall with MITI Divisions and Agencies 25 July 2017



MITI PROGRAMME

PROGRAM CSR

KEMENTERIAN PERDAGANGAN ANTARABANGSA DAN INDUSTRI (MITI) BERSAMA PELAJAR SEKOLAH MENENGAH PENDIDIKAN KHAS SETAPAK, KUALA LUMPUR

22 Julai 2017



MITI PROGRAMME

The 3rd National Economic Summit, 18 July 2017



MITI PROGRAMME

Launch of MRT SBK Line Phase 2, 17 July 2017



ANNOUNCEMENT

miti.gov.my

NATIONAL eCOMMERCE FORUM



MINISTRY OF INTERNATIONAL TRADE AND INDUSTRY

26 JULY 2017 (WEDNESDAY)

9.00 AM - 12.00 NOON

PERDANA HALL, LEVEL 1, MITI TOWER

- EXHIBITION BY PROMINENT eCOMMERCE PLAYERS
- LAUNCH OF THE SME eCOMMERCE ACADEMY & PRESENTATION OF THE eTRADE ACCELERATOR AWARD BY YB MITI MINISTER
- FORUMS & PANEL DISCUSSIONS INVOLVING PROMINENT eCOMMERCE PLAYERS
- PITCHING SESSION BY eCOMMERCE START-UPS & SCALE-UPS
- RSVP : afni.psh@miti.gov.my



JELAJAH USAHAWAN MITI & AGENSI 2017

LABIS, JOHOR DARUL TAKZIM

Officiated by
YB Datuk Chua Tee Yong

Deputy Minister (Trade),
Ministry of International Trade and Industry

28 - 29 July 2017

8.00 am - 10.30 pm
Dataran Labis, Segamat, Johor



Media Partner:



www.miti.gov.my

GLC
EXPLORACE
— 2017 —

EXCELLING IN THE DIGITAL WORLD

8 AUGUST 2017 | 9 AM - 5 PM | SIME DARBY CONVENTION CENTRE



In Partnership



SME EXPORT DAY
9 AUGUST 2017

THE MOST COMPREHENSIVE CONFERENCE WITH
STEP-TO-STEP EXPORT GUIDANCE

PERDANA HALL, MITI TOWER
9AM ONWARDS

SIGN UP NOW



NATIONAL POLICY ON INDUSTRY 4.0

Open for public feedback

Consultation period: 10 July 2017 - 11 August 2017



MINISTRY OF INTERNATIONAL TRADE AND INDUSTRY

ANNOUNCEMENT



LATIN AMERICAN BUSINESS DAY

BRIDGING LATIN AMERICA AND MALAYSIA



1 August 2017 | MITI Tower, Kuala Lumpur

EXPLORE

NETWORK

PARTNER

COLLABORATE

DIVERSIFY

GROW



Explore untapped business opportunities, expand your network of partners, discover new areas for collaboration, diversify your investment and grow together

Aerospace • Agribusiness

Automotive & Autoparts • Education

Energy • Electrical & Electronics

Halal Industry • Food & Beverages

Mining • Medical Equipment

Pharmaceuticals

Public Infrastructure

Organised by:



Supported by:



TAPPING TRADE & INVESTMENT OPPORTUNITIES BETWEEN MALAYSIA – LATAM COUNTRIES

Venue: Perdana Hall, MITI

8.00 - 9.00 am	Registration
9.00 - 9.30 am	Latin American Cultural Performance
9.30 - 9.35 am	Welcoming Remarks
	Chairman of Malaysia External Trade Development Corporation (MATRADE)
9.35 - 9.50 am	Keynote Address
	The Honourable Dato' Sri Mustapa Mohamed Minister of International Trade & Industry Malaysia
9.50 - 10.50 am	Presentation by GRULAC (Group of Latin American and Caribbean Countries): - Viewpoints: Latin America, Its Relevance to Malaysian Businesses - Trade & Investment Opportunities in Latin American Countries - Mechanisms of Economic Integration in Latin America Speaker: GRULAC Representative/Expert
10.50 - 11.30 am	Q&A Session
11.30 am - 12.30 pm	Trade & Investment Opportunities in Malaysia Speaker: MATRADE & MIDA
12.30 - 1.00 pm	Q&A Session
12.30 - 2.00 pm	Networking Lunch

CONCURRENT SECTORAL BREAKOUT SESSIONS

- i. Topics to address trade and investment opportunities in both Malaysia and Latin America
- ii. Expert speakers from both Malaysia and Latin America
- iii. Subject to change based on feedback received via pre-registration
- iv. Please indicate your interest in any of the breakup session in the registration form

2.00 - 5.00 pm **Trade and Investment Opportunities between Malaysia and Latin America:**

Presentation 1: Energy, Oil & Gas	Presentation 5: Medical Equipment & Pharmaceutical
Presentation 2: Mining & Public Infrastructure	Presentation 6: Agribusiness, Food & Beverage
Presentation 3: Aerospace	Presentation 7: Halal Industry
Presentation 4: Electrical & Electronic	Presentation 8: Automotive & Auto Parts
Speakers: GRULAC and Malaysian sectoral experts	

2.00 - 5.00 pm **Education Opportunities in Malaysia and Latin American Countries**

Speakers: GRULAC and Malaysian academicians

Please register online at: <http://bit.ly/2sCzWv>

RSVP: 24 July 2017 (Monday)

For further information, please contact:

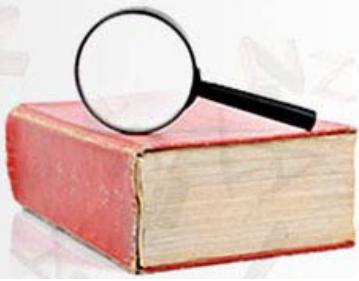
Ms. Huda 03-6207 7533
(huda@matrade.gov.my)

For technical enquiries, please contact:

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(hazlinda@matrade.gov.my)

Ms. Aidatul Marina 03-6207 7864
(aidatul@matrade.gov.my)

Ms. Norshahida 03-6207 7812
(norshahida@matrade.gov.my)



Glossary of Technical Terms

G-8

Group of Eight – G7 + Russia, an annual summit meeting of head of governments from seven industrialized countries in the world (G7) and Russia. Consists of Canada, France, Germany, Italy, Japan, the United Kingdom, and the United States. The European Union is represented in the G8, but cannot host or chair.

G-20

Group of Twenty - brings together systemically important industrialized and developing economies to discuss key issues in the global economy. Established in 1999 and consists of Finance Ministers and Central Bank Governors from 19 of the world's largest national economies, plus the European Union (EU).

GAAP

Generally Accepted Accounting Principles - The ethic applies on the recording of revenues; expenses; costs; assets and liabilities; disclosure of information and preparation of financial statements.

GATS

General Agreement on Trade in Services (WTO) - Main objective is to create a legal framework for liberalization in trade in services. Services were included in the Uruguay Round of trade negotiations which led to the General Agreement on Trade in Services (GATS). Since January 2000, they have become the subject of multilateral trade negotiations.

GATT

General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade - GATT 1947 govern trade in goods from 1948 until 1994. It was an agreement as well as an organisation. In 1995, the WTO replaced GATT as an international organisation. GATT 1947 together with GATT 1994 forms the umbrella treaty for trade in goods. Both these agreements are collectively referred as GATT.

GHS

Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals is an internationally-harmonized approach to address classification of chemicals by types of hazard. It proposes harmonized hazard communication elements, including labels and safety data sheets.

GDP

Gross Domestic Product - Monetary value at market prices of all goods and services produced within a country, but excluding net income from abroad for a given period (usually a year). GDP includes all private and public consumption, government outlays, investments and exports minus imports that occur within a defined territory. Put simply, GDP is a broad measurement of a nation's overall economic activity.

Gross domestic product can be calculated using the following formula:

$$\text{GDP} = C + G + I + NX$$

Where C is equal to all private consumption, or consumer spending, in a nation's economy, G is the sum of government spending, I is the sum of all the country's investment, including businesses capital expenditures and NX is the nation's total net exports, calculated as total exports minus total imports (NX = Exports - Imports).

TO BE
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future thinking

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