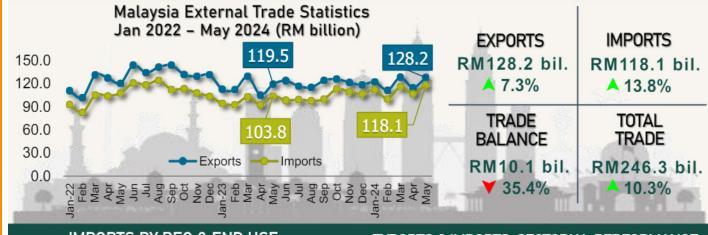


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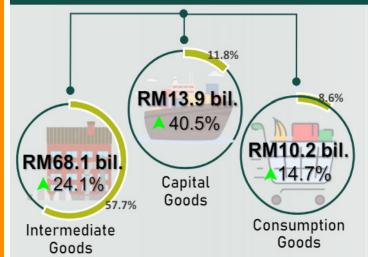
6000 M

EXTERNAL TRADE STATISTICS, MAY 2024



IMPORTS BY BEC & END USE

EXPORTS & IMPORTS SECTORIAL PERFORMANCE



RM110.6 bil. **A** 8.3%

EXPORTS

RM97.9 bil.

A 12.3%

IMPORTS

Manufacturing

RM7.7 bil.

Y 17.2%

RM11.3 bil.

A 18.6%

Mining

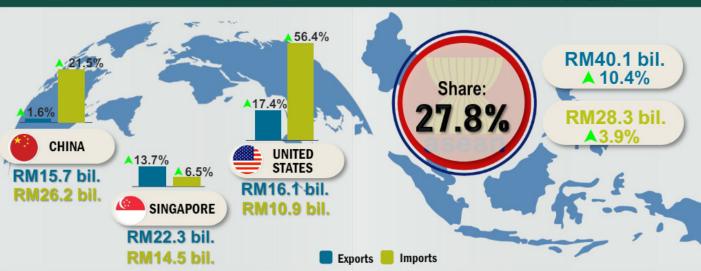
RM9.1 bil. **A** 22.1%

RM6.3 bil. **A** 15.5%



TOP 3 TRADING PARTNERS

TRADING WITH ASEAN



Notes: 1. All changes are based on year-on-year (y-o-y) comparison

2. The May 2024 data is preliminary and subject to revision in later issues.

3. This report can be accessed through the web portal of the Department of Statistics, Malaysia (http://www.dosm.gov.my) under section: Latest Release

Source: Monthly External Trade Statistics, May 2024, Department of Statistics Malaysia (DOSM)

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX, MAY 2024

Malaysia's inflation edged up to 2.0% in May 2024

HEADLINE INFLATION

1.8% 2.0%

Note:

April 2024

May 2024

INFLATION BY MAIN GROUP

Food & Beverages



2.0% + 1.8%

Alcoholic Beverages & Tobacco



0.5% + 0.6%

03 Clothing & Footwear



-0.3% • -0.2%

Housing, Water, Electricity, Gas & Other Fuels



3.0% + 3.2%

Furnishings, Household **Equipment & Routine Household Maintenance**



1.0% + 0.8%

06 Health



2.3% + 2.2%

07 Transport



0.8% • 0.9%

Information & Communication



-2.5% • 0.4%

Recreation, Sport & Culture



2.0% • 1.9%

Education



Restaurant & Accommodation Services



3.5% · 3.2%

Insurance & **Financial Services**



-0.1% **-0.1**%

Personal Care, Social Protection & Miscellaneous **Goods & Services**



3.1% + 3.0%

CORE INFLATION & INFLATION WITHOUT FUEI

Core Inflation

1.9% 1.9%

Inflation 1.9% Without 1.9% Fuel

INFLATION FOR URBAN & RURAL



1.9% 1.8%

1.8% 1.8%

INFLATION FOR SUBGROUP OF FOOD & BEVERAGES

Food at home



Cereals & cereal products



Meat



Fish & other seafood

Milk, other dairy products & eggs 1.0% + 0.8%

Oils & fats

Fruits & nuts

Vegetables

& desserts

1.3% + 0.8%

Sugar, confectionery

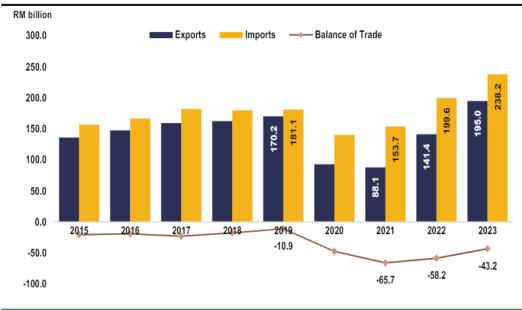
Food away from home



Percentage Change: Year-on-Year

Source: Malaysia's Consumer Price Index (2010=100), Department of Statistics, Malaysia (DOSM)

STATISTICS OF INTERNATIONAL TRADE IN SERVICES, 2023



BALANCE OF TRADE

-RM43.2b

(2022: -RM58.2b)

TOTAL TRADE

RM433.2b

(2022: RM341.0b)

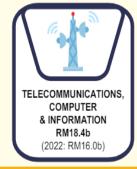
MAJOR COMPONENTS

EXPORTS: RM195.0b (2022: RM141.4b)











IMPORTS: RM238.2b (2022: RM199.6b)











MAJOR TRADING PARTNERS





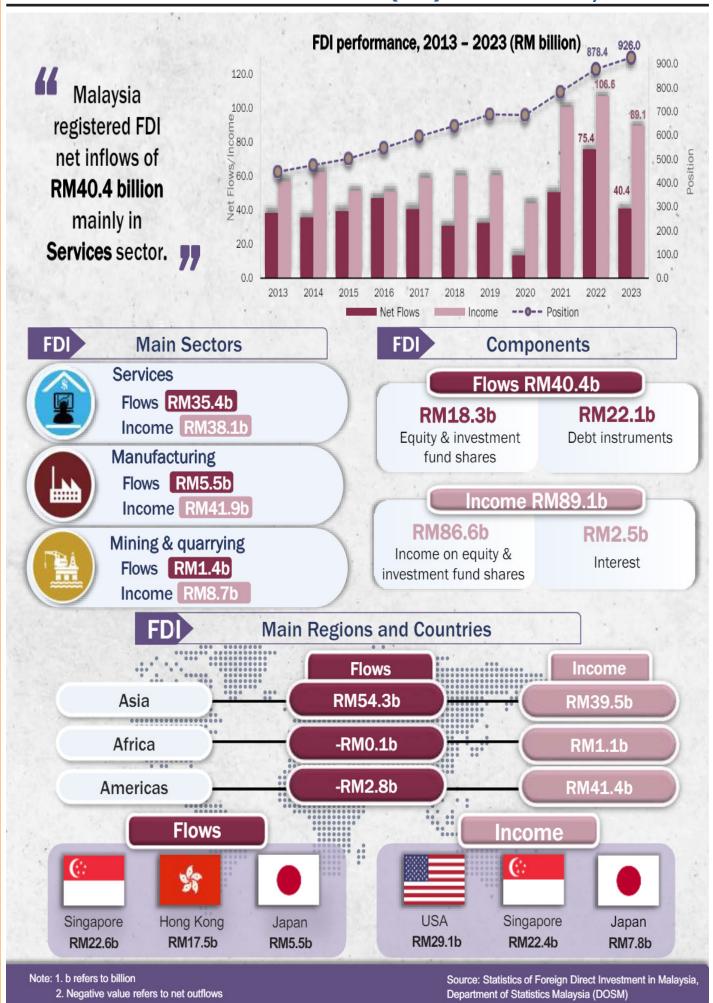




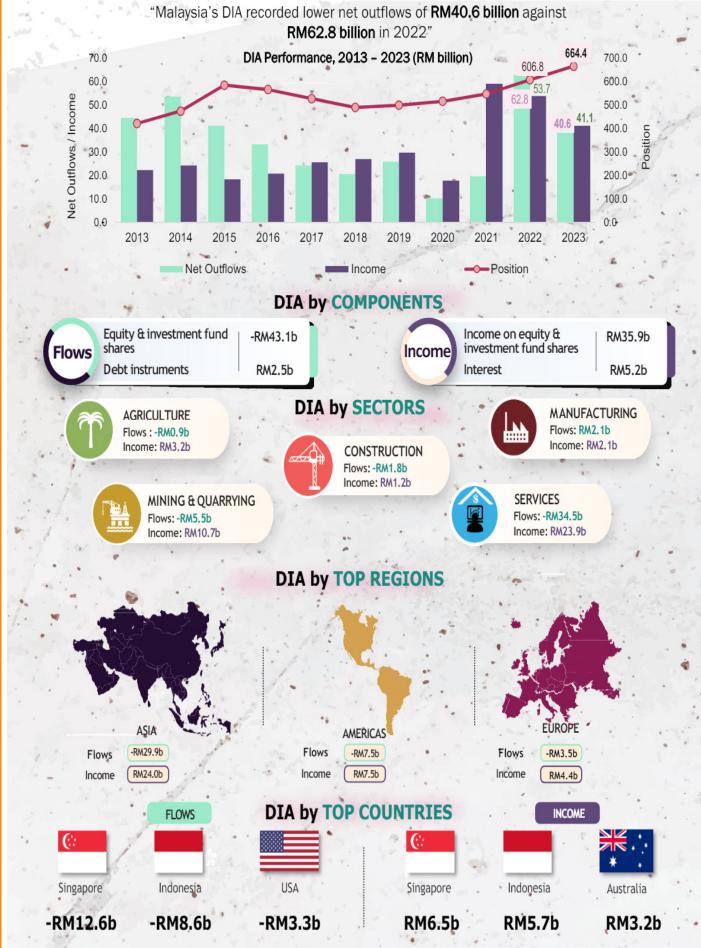


Source: Statistics of International Trade in Services, Department of Statistics Malaysia (DOSM)

FOREIGN DIRECT INVESTMENT (FDI) IN MALAYSIA, 2023



MALAYSIA'S DIRECT INVESTMENT ABROAD (DIA), 2023



Note: 1) b refers to billion

2) Negative value refers to net outflows

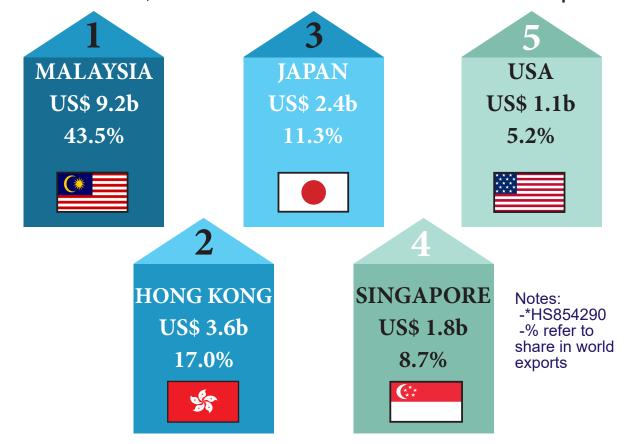
3) Any difference in the aggregated data are due to rounding

Source: Statistics of Malaysia's Direct Investment Abroad (DIA), Department of Statistics Malaysia (DOSM)

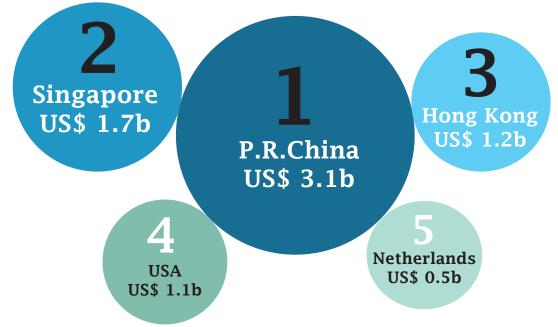
6

MALAYSIA AS WORLD LARGEST EXPORTERS OF PARTS OF ELECTRONIC INTEGRATED CIRCUITS, N.E.S.

In 2023, Malaysia's export of Parts of electronic integrated circuits, n.e.s. recorded US\$ 9.2 billion which was 43.5% share of the world exports.



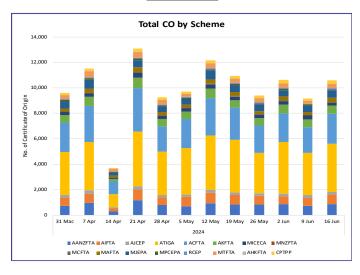
MALAYSIA'S TOP EXPORT DESTINATIONS



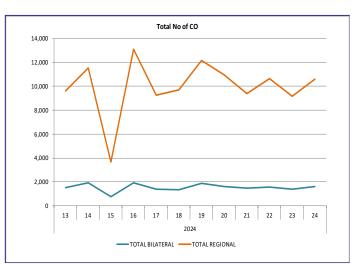
Source: https://www.trademap.org/index.aspx

Number of PCO as at 16 June 2024 Weekly / Monthly/ Annually

Weekly Total Scheme



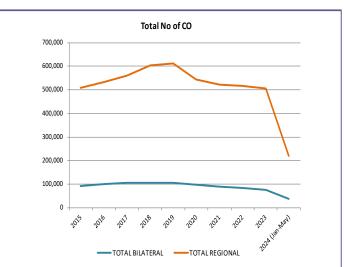
Weekly



Monthly



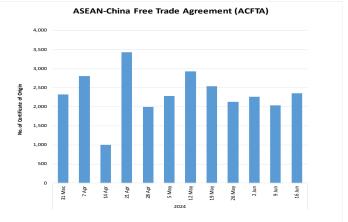
Annually

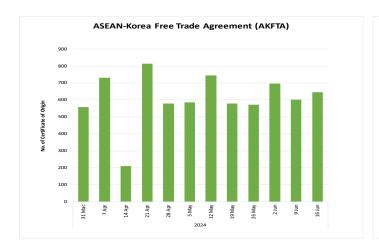


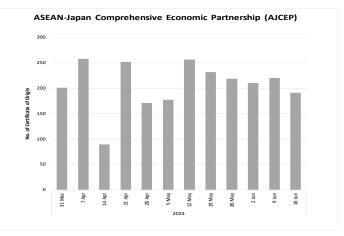
Note: *Provisional Data Source: Ministry of Investment, Trade and Industry, Malaysia

Regional FTA Number of Preferential Certificates of Origin (PCOs) as at 16 June 2024

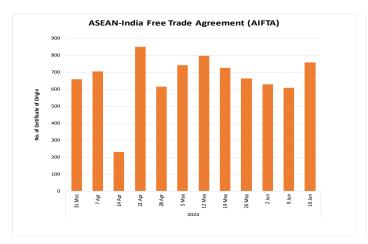




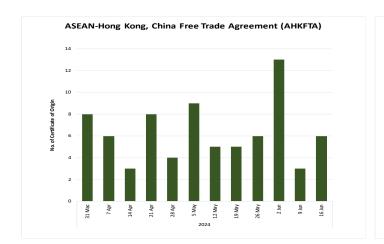


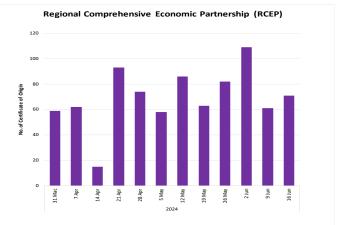


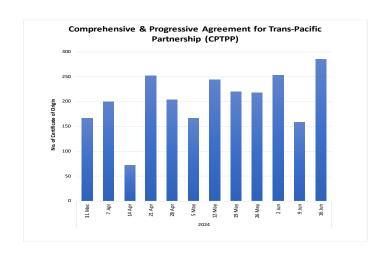
Regional FTA Number of Preferential Certificates of Origin (PCOs) as at 16 June 2024





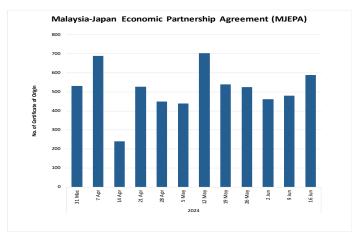


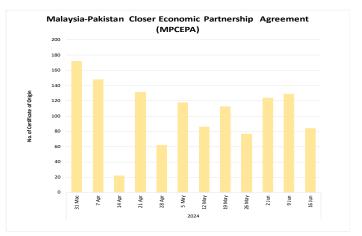




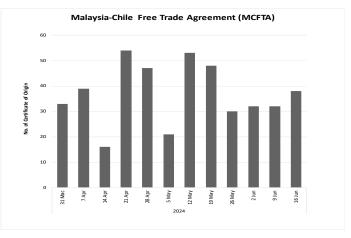
Note: *Provisional Data Source: Ministry of Investment, Trade and Industry, Malaysia

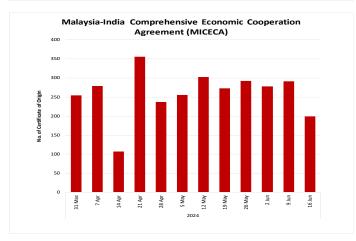
Bilateral FTA Number of Preferential Certificates of Origin (PCOs) as at 16 June 2024

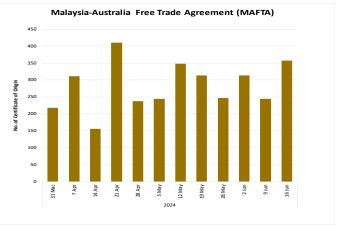


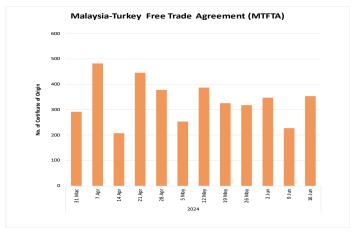








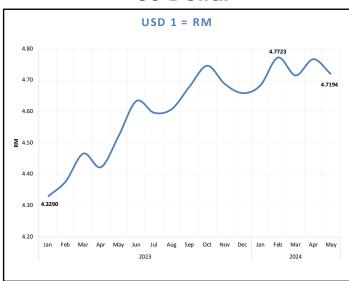




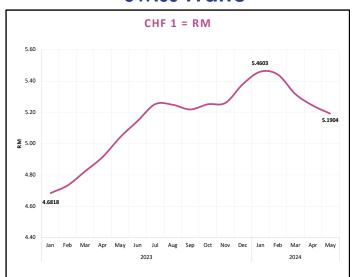
Note: *Provisional Data Source: Ministry of Investment, Trade and Industry, Malaysia

Malaysian Ringgit Exchange Rate with Selected Countries, January 2023 - May 2024

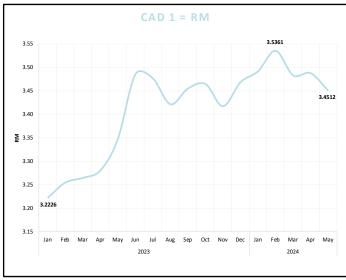
US Dollar



Swiss Franc



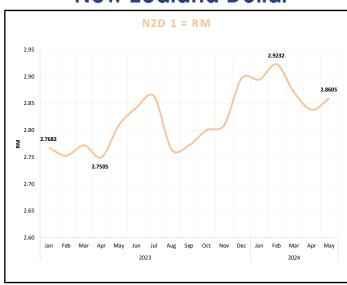
Canadian Dollar



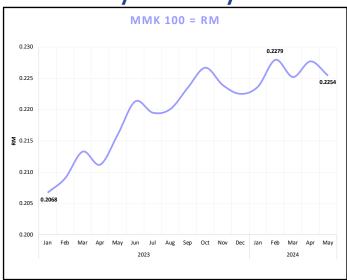
Saudi Riyal



New Zealand Dollar



Myanmar Kyat



Source: Bank Negara Malaysia

Commodity Prices

CRUDE PETROLEUM (BRENT) -per bbl-

3.2%* US\$85.2 21 June 2024 Highest 2023/2024

5 Apr 2024 : US\$91.2 29 Sept 2023 : US\$95.3

2 Feb 2024 : US\$77.3

17 March 2023 : US\$73.0

Lowest 2023/2024

Average Price 2023 : US\$82.3

CRUDE PALM OIL -per MT-



0.1%* US\$837.6 21 June 2024 Highest 2023/2024

5 Apr 2024 : US\$950.1 3 Mar 2023 : US\$964.5

5 Jan 2024 : US\$791.5 2 Jun 2023 : US\$737.2

Lowest 2023/2024

Average Price 2023 1: US\$842.3

RUBBER SMR 20 -per



3.9%* US\$1,717.5

21 June 2024

Average Price 2023 1: US\$1,389.4

COCOA SMC 2 -per MT-



9.2%* US\$5,493.1 21 June 2024

Average Price 2023ⁱ: US\$2,136.7

SUGAR -per lbs-



21 June 2024



Average Price 2023 i: US\$23.6

COAL -per MT-



1.5%* US\$108.0

21June 2024

Average Price 2023 : US\$127.0

SCRAP IRON HMS -per MT-



5.7%* US\$387.9 (high)

2.2%* US\$353.0 (low)

April 2024

Average Price 2023 : US\$389.3 (high) Average Price 2023 : US\$354.8 (low)

Domestic Prices April 2024



Steel Bars (per MT) RM2,827 – RM2,935



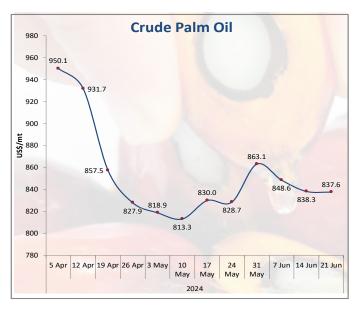
Notes: All figures have been rounded to the nearest decimal point

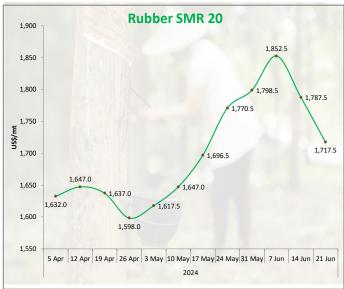
* Refer to % change from the previous week's price

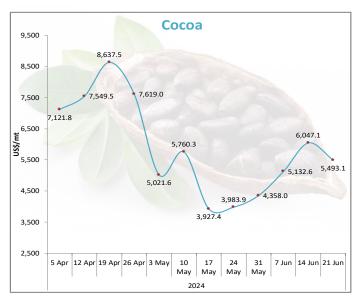
i Average price in the year except otherwise indicated

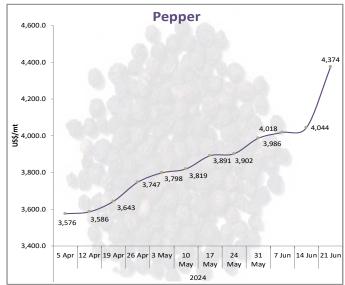
Sources: Ministry of Investment, Trade and Industry, Malaysian Palm Oil Board, Malaysian Rubber Board, Markets Insider, Malaysian Cocoa Board, Malaysian Iron and Steel Industry Federation, and International Sugar Organization.

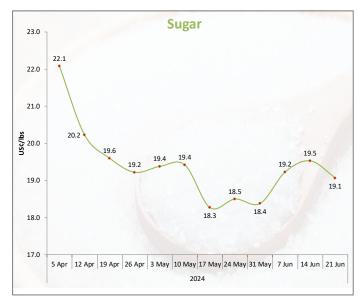
Commodity Price Trends

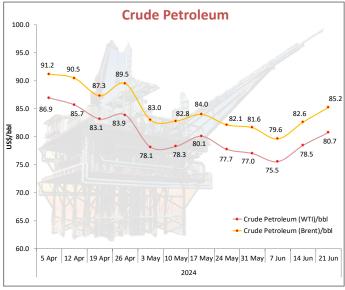






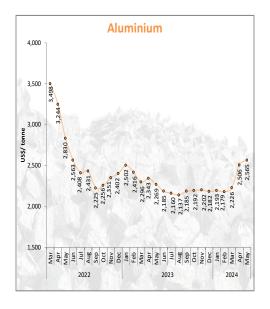


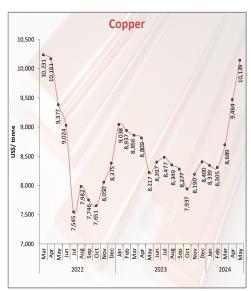


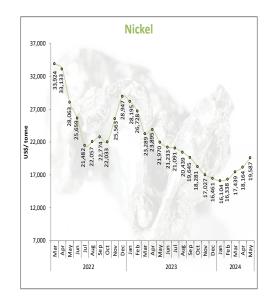


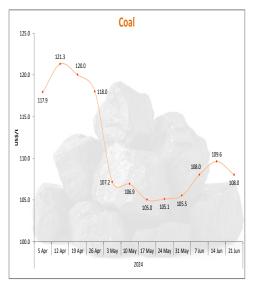
Sources: Ministry of Investment, Trade and Industry, Malaysian Palm Oil Board, Malaysian Rubber Board, Malaysian Cocoa Board, Malaysian Pepper Board, International Sugar Organization, Markets Insider.

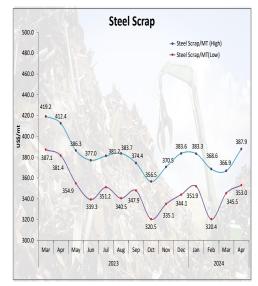
Commodity Price Trends

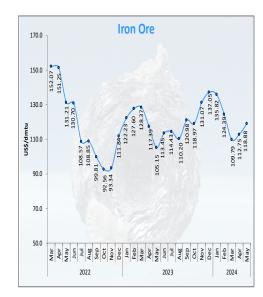


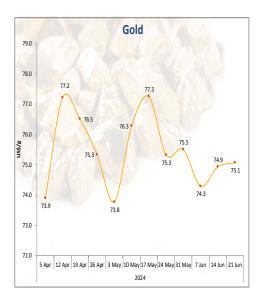


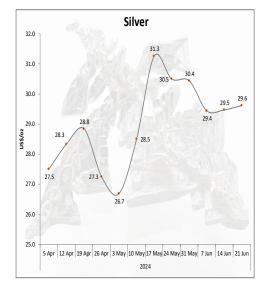


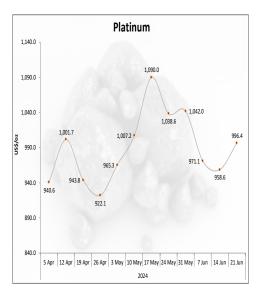












Sources: Ministry of Investment, Trade and Industry, Malaysian Iron and Steel Industry Federation, Markets Insider, World Bank, World Gold Council, The Wall Street Journal.

RCEP



RCEP

Regional Comprehensive Economic Partnership (RCEP)

The Regional Comprehensive Economic Partnership (RCEP) Agreement is designed to broaden and deepen ASEAN's engagement with Australia, China, Japan, Korea and New Zealand. The objective of the trade agreement is to establish a modern, comprehensive, high-quality, and mutually beneficial economic partnership that will facilitate the expansion of regional trade and investment and contribute to global economic growth and development in the region.



PRIMARY OBJECTIVES

The RCEP Agreement is created to establish a modern, comprehensive, high-quality, and mutually beneficial economic partnership that will facilitate the expansion of regional trade and investment and contribute to global economic growth and development amongst RCEP member

The single regional free trade agreement (FTA) is also intended to strengthen regional value chain for businesses in the region, particularly the Small and Medium Enterprises (SMEs)

It is designed to create and support an open. inclusive, and rules-based multilateral trading system, which will in turn create avenues for market and employment opportunities for businesses and people within the region

The trade agreement will allow businesses in RCEP member countries to gain access to a much wider regional market. Progressive elimination and reduction of customs duties for trade in goods as well as facilitation of export and import of goods among the RCEP countries will serve to enhance inter and intra-regional trade and investment whilst strengthening regional value

To serve as a vital economic tool to spur economic growth in the region. It will also allow more seamless opening of markets whilst creating uninterrupted supply chains within the region The trade agreement is also intended to help facilitate transparency, information exchange and better compliance for technical regulations and standards amongst RCEP member countries.

KEY FEATURES OF THE RCEP



Trade In Goods

Progressive elimination of tariff and non-tariff barriers on substantially all trade in goods including the related chapters of rules of origin, customs procedures, sanitary and phytosanitary measures, standards, technical regulations and conformity assessment procedures and trade remedies in order to establish a free trade area among the parties.



Liberalisation of services sectors, including financial services, telecommunications services and movement of natural persons. The RCEP will be comprehensive, of high quality and substantially eliminate restrictions and/or discriminatory measures with respect to trade in services between the RCEP participating countries. Rules and obligations on trade in services under the RCEP will be consistent with the General Agreement on Trade in Services (GATS).



Promotion, facilitation, protection and liberalisation of investment. The RCEP will aim to create a liberal, facilitative, and competitive investment environment in the region based on these four pillars in order to create an enabling investment environment in the region along with improved investment facilitation provisions as well as investor aftercare

Economic & Technical Cooperation

The economic and technical cooperation provisions in the RCEP will build upon existing economic cooperation arrangements between ASEAN and ASEAN's FTA partners to narrow the development gaps amongst member countries. Under the RCEP agreement, cooperation activities will also intrude trade activities such as include e-commerce and other areas that would be mutually agreed upon by the RCEP participating countries.



Protection Of Intellectual Property Rights

Aimed at reducing IP-related barriers to trade and investment by promoting economic integration and cooperation in the utilization, protection and enforcement of intellectual property rights amongst RCEP member countries







MINISTRY OF INVESTMENT, TRADE AND INDUSTRY

INDUSTRY4WRD READINESS ASSESSMENT

Get your firm assessed. Be ready for Industry 4.0.

All you need to know about Industry4WRD RA



What is it?

Trained assessors will help you to understand your readiness for Industry 4.0 and make recommendations on where to start your transformation.

Who is eligible? Manufacturing and its related services



- Valid registration and business licences
- Company has at least 60% local equity
- In operation for more than 3 years

What are the benefits?







Identify areas of improvement in terms of people, process and technology.



Receive comprehensive readiness report.



Be entitled to apply for financial incentives.

Incentives for RA

- Government-funded assessment for eligible SMEs.
- Others will get tax exemption on RA fees up to RM27k.





Enquiries

- General: i4.0@miti.gov.my
- industry4wrd@ mpc.gov.my



Process Flow

A FEW SIMPLE STEPS







Evaluation by Committees



Onsite Assessment



Receive RA Report



Business Intervention



Develop Intervention Proposal



Apply for Financial Incentives



Implement the Intervention Plan







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